

First Edition EXTRA

TRAIN PLUNGES INTO THE ETOWAH RIVER

Southern Combination Falls Forty Feet Through a Trestle, and What Is Not Buried in the Swollen Waters Is Totally Destroyed By Fire.

THE ENGINEER'S LIFE SAVED BY A MIRACLE

Falls Beneath His Locomotive and then Swims Ashore With a Broken Leg—Fireman Jumps, Too, and Is Saved. Fire Adds to the Disaster, and All Travel on Two Railroads Is Now Blocked.

Rome, Ga., March 13.
Special to The Evening Constitution.

This morning at 3:30 the mixed freight and passenger train of the Southern road was wrecked about a mile from Rome. All details go to make up the most thrilling accident which has happened here in years.

About a mile from Rome the Southern road crosses the Etowah river and about fifty feet north of the bridge the Southern crosses the Rome road on a trestle, about forty feet high.

This morning as the train coming from Chattanooga to Atlanta, carrying five freight cars, one baggage, two passenger and a Pullman coach, reached this point on the trestle the latter gave way when the train was about half over it and all the cars except the last passenger and the Pullman plunged through, one on top of the other.

The engine had reached the bridge when the trestle collapsed and was jerked slightly back off the track and plunged wildly into the Etowah river. It now rests on the

bottom of the river, which is much swollen by recent rains.

Fireman Al Kennedy jumped, but Engineer Jim Pittman went under the water with his engine. Almost by a miracle neither was killed. Pittman swam out with a broken leg and a badly injured back. No one was seriously hurt except these two and a negro preacher in the second class passenger coach.

About half an hour after the wreck a fire alarm was turned in, but before the department could reach the wreck it almost completely burned up.

It is thought that the very heavy rains of the past few days washed the foundation of the trestle and thus caused the accident.

No trains will be run today on either the Western and Atlantic nor the Southern until noon.

This is the first time Rome has been completely cut off from the outside world except by reason of a flood.

Many people visited the wreck today, and the passengers are divided between the hotels.

QUITMAN SUPPERS FROM BIG FIRE

It Started from an Attempt To Run a Kiln in a Building.

FLAMES BURN A LARGE AREA

Stiff Wind Blowing at the Time Fanned the Flames.

VALDOSTA SENT ENGINES TO THEIR HELP

List of Those Who Lost Their Buildings and Stocks—Loss About Thirty Thousand Dollars.

Quitman, Ga., March 12.—(Special).—The most destructive fire ever seen in Quitman occurred shortly after 3 o'clock this afternoon.

The fire started in the large wooden building occupied by the Blount Turpentine Tool Company and the Tower Machine and Handle factory and Badger's blacksmith and carriage factory.

The building was a plunder shop and it required only a few minutes for the flames to consume it. A stiff wind was blowing and for a time it looked as if the whole business portion of the town would go.

The fire started from an improvised kiln, owned by G. M. Badger. He undertook to dry some lumber in the building. Carried by the wind the flames fed from building to building and spread over a wide area before they finally burned themselves out.

The Valdosta fire department came here on a special train and did fine service. Following is a statement of the losses and insurance:

Joseph Mabbett, \$2,000; no insurance.
J. Tyler, agent, \$2,000; no insurance.
K. H. Williams, \$5,000; insurance \$1,000.
Walker Bros. & Co., on building, \$4,000; insurance on stock, \$2,000.
G. W. Averett, on stock, \$500; on building, \$2,000; insurance \$300.
Wade & Powers, \$75; no insurance.
G. L. Lilly, \$1,000; insurance on stock, \$500.
Sweet & Wilson, \$300; no insurance.
Harrell & Co., \$2,000; insurance \$300.
Miss Waters, \$1,200; no insurance.
J. O. Morton, \$2,000; insurance \$300.
Greene & Tharin, on building, \$2,000; insurance on stock, \$500.
Misses Mosser, \$1,000; no insurance.
W. M. Hunter, on building, \$2,000; insurance on stock, \$500.
J. W. Henson, on building, \$250; insurance on stock, \$500.
Greene & Co., \$2,000; no insurance.
L. S. Price, \$1,500; insurance \$1,500.
There were several other losses of small amounts, partially insured.
Total loss is about \$30,000, and insurance is less than one-half.

PLAN ON FOOT TO DISMISS RECEIVER

Two Hundred Stockholders of Suburban Land Co. Hold a Meeting.

REORGANIZATION PLAN PASSES

Probable That Stock Will Be Bought Up and Company Put on Its Feet.

SOME WERE OPPOSED TO THE PLAN

Atlanta Suburban Land Company Consists of Much Valuable Property—Indebtedness \$125,000.

The Atlanta Suburban Land Company is to be reorganized.

The stockholders of the company held a meeting yesterday afternoon to devise some means to effect the reorganization.

The meeting was held in the Temple Court. About 200 of the stockholders were present. Mr. E. S. Bickart was chairman of the meeting. He called the assembled stockholders together at 4 o'clock and the session lasted from that hour until half past 6 o'clock.

Mr. Bickart announced that the purpose of the meeting was to arrange some plan by which the company might be reorganized and its debts paid without disorganizing the corporation entirely. Several plans were suggested. One was for the stockholders to raise enough money among themselves to settle the indebtedness, which amounts to \$125,000.

Some of the stockholders objected to this plan, saying that they did not wish to put any more money in the concern. The majority of the stockholders, however, favored this solution of the matter, but as no concerted action could be taken the idea was abandoned.

It was then suggested that those stockholders who favored the settlement of the company's liabilities by the stockholders themselves form a new stock company and buy all the stock of the members who were opposed to the plan.

This suggestion met with great favor and was virtually accepted. A committee of five was appointed to devise some good plan to carry out the purposes of the stockholders. The committee consists of John L. Tye, chairman; Dr. A. W. Calhoun, Henry Hillier, Henry L. Wilson and Charles A. Davis, Jr.

This committee was instructed to organize a new stock company, which company is to work in conjunction with the receiver of the Suburban Land Company. The receiver is to sell the property by order of the court to satisfy the company's indebtedness, and the new stock company is to buy the property. By this means the stockholders who do not desire to put any more money into the association can allow their shares to be sold by the court, and those who wish to continue in the company can join the new company and contribute money to help purchase the old company's property.

MOORE BROKE THE SOUTHERN RECORD

Famous Time Made on a Plant System Train.
EIGHTY MILES AN HOUR

This Was the Speed Made for Eight Miles.
AVERAGE TIME WAS SEVENTY-TWO MILES

Rapid Ride of a Mobile Man Who Wanted to Be in Charleston to File a Bid for Work.

Savannah, Ga., March 12.—The fastest time ever made over the Plant system, and perhaps in the south, was made this morning by a special from the junction of the Plant system and the Central of Georgia, seven miles from here, to Charleston, a distance of 108 miles, over the Charleston and Savannah section of the Plant system, engaged by Rittenhouse Moore, who had been wired by his father, Rittenhouse Moore, of Mobile.

Mr. Moore wanted to bid on some government jetty work at Charleston. Understanding that the bids would not close till 11:30 o'clock tomorrow morning, he thought he had sufficient time to make the trip and file his bid. He learned at the last moment that no bids would be received after 11:30 today.

That called for quicker movements than he had anticipated, so he immediately boarded the train for Montgomery. From Montgomery he took the Georgia and Alabama train to Savannah. He arrived at the Central junction at 8:06 o'clock this morning, and found the special train awaiting him. The special left the junction promptly and arrived at Ashley Junction, near Charleston, at 9:45. Ten minutes of this time was consumed in waiting for an opposing train at Ridgeland.

The actual time of the run was ninety minutes. The average was seventy-two miles an hour, and for eight miles, between Ravenel and Johns Island, the pace was eighty miles an hour. Mr. Moore arrived in ample time to make his bid.

KRUGER WANTS CLOSER UNION

THAT IS THE OBJECT OF HIS VISIT TO ORANGE FREE STATE.

Replying to Toast, Said He Hoped the Two Republics Would Form Indissoluble Ties.

London, March 12.—A dispatch from Bloemfontein, the capital of the Orange Free State, says that President Kruger is visiting that place with a view to the arrangement of a closer union with the Transvaal. At a luncheon, at which he was entertained, the Boer president, replying to a toast by President Steyn, said he was not there to controvert the queen's rights. Time, he said, would show that he had always defended her majesty and he had told the people to respect her.

He expressed hope that the two republics would form indissoluble ties, but he never entertained any idea of the Free State being absorbed by the Transvaal. The Boer president said he was aware that he must abide by the decision of the queen, but the queen was a troublesome woman, and it was, consequently, necessary to deal with the question of union very cautiously.

He concluded by expressing hope that some day he would see a union of the whole of Africa.

FRANCE ONLY ONE HOLDING OFF

POWERS EXCHANGING VIEWS IN REGARD TO GREECE.

France Does Not Want to Join in the Blockade of Grecian Ports.

London, March 12.—It is asserted here on excellent authority that the powers are exchanging views in regard to presenting a fresh note to Greece, giving notice of their intention to resort to coercive measures to enforce their demands if Greece does not comply at once, and also to maintain a blockade of Greek ports. France, it is understood, is the only power showing any reluctance to take part in a blockade, and if she refuses to participate, the blockade will be undertaken without her.

RECEIPTS AT LARGE OFFICES

CONSIDERABLE DECREASE FROM THOSE OF LAST YEAR.

Comparison Made Between Thirty Cities—Only Seven of Them Showed Increase.

Washington, March 12.—Postmaster General Gary today gave out a statement showing the gross postal receipts of the thirty largest postoffices for February, 1897, compared with the same month last year.

There was a net decrease of \$125,000. The first seven offices—New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, Boston, St. Louis, Cincinnati and Brooklyn—showed marked decreases, Chicago falling off \$28,638 and Philadelphia \$22,536.

Of the thirty offices, only seven increased their receipts over February, 1896, the increases being light. They were at San Francisco, Baltimore, Rochester, New Orleans, Newark, Hartford and Richmond.

The total receipts for February, 1897, were \$2,077,068 and for February, 1896, \$2,202,068.

Alonso Gunter, Athens, Ga.

Athens, Ga., March 12.—(Special).—Yesterday morning the remains of Alonso Gunter were buried in Oconee cemetery.

For a long number of years he had been severely afflicted with St. Vitus's dance, and death was really a relief to him.

PARDONED BOYS AND CRIPPLES

Pleasant Task of Governor Taylor, of Tennessee, Yesterday.

TWENTY-FIVE HAPPY SOULS

Neat Little Speeches Made by Governor to Convicts.

ADVISED THE BOYS TO BEHAVE HEREAFTER

Told the Deceitful They Were Released So That They Would Not Have to Die in Chains.

Nashville, Tenn., March 12.—(Special).—A strange picture was presented at the capitol this afternoon when a wagon bearing six decrepit convicts wound its way up the hill followed by thirteen walking zebras. All found their way to the governor's office, where they formed in a semicircle. Governor Taylor at once came out and, turning to the youthful members of the party, he said:

"Boys, the prison committee has recommended that you be pardoned because you are boys, and I have done so. Go to your homes and be good boys. Go to work and quit stealing. If you don't you will come back and I never will pardon any one a second time."

Turning to the old, decrepit fellows, Governor Taylor said:

"I pardon these men because they are old and afflicted and want to go back to their homes before it is too late."

There were nineteen convicts in the party that was brought up for Governor Taylor's inspection. He pardoned all of these and in addition six others, making a total of twenty-five that were pardoned today. All these pardons were granted on recommendation of the legislative prison committee, Speaker Fitzpatrick, of the house, and Chairman Nixon, of the prison committee, because the prisoners were either very young or permanently disabled.

CULLODEN ORGANIZES BANK.

W. S. Witham Chosen as Its Financial Agent.

Culloden, Ga., March 12.—(Special).—A bank was organized here today with \$25,000 capital. Fifteen thousand dollars was subscribed by the people. William S. Witham, president of the Country Bank Stock and Security Company and president of twenty-seven banks throughout the state, was elected financial agent. Other officers have not yet been elected.

DEATH OF AN OLD DRUMMER

Dean Newman Was at One Time President of the T. F. A.

Savannah, Ga., March 12.—(Special).—Mr. Dean Newman, one of the oldest traveling men in the state, died at his residence tonight from a stroke of paralysis at the age of seventy-five years. He was at one time president of the Travelers' Protective Association, which organization will attend his funeral in a body. He leaves a wife and two children.

GEORGIA POSTMASTER ARRESTED

Is Charged With Not Delivering a Registered Letter.

Macon, Ga., March 12.—(Special).—This afternoon Deputy United States Marshal White brought T. W. Hodge, postmaster at Yonkers, Dodge county, to Macon, charged with not delivering a registered letter containing \$100. Hodge denies the charge and says he can prove his innocence. He has always stood well in his section.

BRYAN JOURNEYS HOMEWARD

He Says He Is More Than Pleased With the Outlook for Silver.

St. Louis, March 12.—William J. Bryan arrived this morning en route from Nashville, Tenn., to his home at Lincoln, Neb. He says he is worn out by his recent lecturing tour in the south and intends taking a short rest.

"I am more than satisfied with the progress of silver's cause among all classes. Four years hence it will be as much an issue as it was during the past campaign, and will certainly be more successful."

Industrial Congress of Negroes.

Huntsville, Ala., March 12.—(Special).—The fourth annual industrial congress of negroes will be held at Normal, Ala., April 13, under the auspices of the Agricultural and Mechanical College for Negroes. These congresses in the past have been largely attended and leading men of the race have participated. Professor W. H. Council, the negro president of the school at Normal, is making preparations for the entertainment of the visitors.

ELECTRIC PLANT TO BE SOLD

Court Orders Rome Company's Property Under the Hammer.

Rome, Ga., March 12.—(Special).—The entire plant and fixtures of the Rome Electric Light Company will be sold on the 8th day of April.

The plant is sold under an order of court and by virtue of a mortgage held by the American Security and Trust Company. The mortgage includes the electric light plant and all appurtenances.

The sale will take place between the hours of 4 and 12 o'clock, and it is probable that the bondholders will be the purchasers.

WHAT HAS BECOME OF WINBERG?

Nothing Has Been Heard of Him Since He Left Albany.

Albany, Ga., March 12.—(Special).—Fears are entertained that J. C. Winberg, who became so financially embarrassed that his store was closed by the sheriff last Monday, has committed suicide. He left here for Columbus, and nothing has been heard of him. His accounts are said to be in good shape.

Hugh Jennings at Athens.

Athens, Ga., March 12.—(Special).—Hugh Jennings, the Oriole shortstop, is here and begins at once his work of training the university baseball club.

Rev. C. L. Cobb Badly Hurt.

Rome, Ga., March 12.—(Special).—Rev. C. L. Cobb, West Rome preacher, was severely hurt while holding the service of a horse.

BREAKAWAY BLOWS THE SWELL THING

Potentates of the Prize Ring Pass Up Siler's Rules.

STUART GAVE JULIAN A JOLLY

Then They Broke a Nice Cold Bottle Together.

KINETOSCOPE PRIVILEGES ARE ARRANGED

How Corbett and Fitz Spent Their Time Yesterday—Latest from the Gladiators.

Carson City, Nev., March 12.—Several knotty problems in connection with the big fight were discussed and solved today, principally among them being the agreement between the fighters as to the Queensberry rules and Dan Stuart's compromise with the kinetoscope company. The principals in the main event of the carnival eased off in their work and a large delegation of sporting men from the east arrived.

Martin Julliet, representing Fitzsimmons, and W. A. Brady, acting for Corbett, met George Siler and Dan Stuart in the latter's office this afternoon and took up the question of rules. Each clause of Siler's instructions were taken up and worked over. The first eleven rules of Queensberry were passed upon without a hitch.

Rule 12, touching upon the London prize ring regulations, brought Julian to white heat and he protested strongly but ineffectually against Siler's judgment which allowed hitting in clinches with a free hand and also on breaks. "No one who has followed Fitz will admit this style of fighting suits him," asserts the stout manager. "Bob is essentially a puncher and not a wrestler. At long range he is invincible, but I will not allow him to go in any 'mixed-ale' scraps if I can help it. I thought this fight was to be the most scientific ever fought. Now, why does Corbett want to mix matters up so?"

Brady came to the scratch at the outset and informed all present that Corbett would accept anything reasonable. Siler, he said, was not Corbett's preference for a referee, but Jim had faith in the gentleman's discretion and honesty, and would not squabble over any ruling which would be brought down upon him. When Julian realized that he was alone in the controversy he appealed to Dan Stuart for judgment, agreeing to abide by what the big Texan thought was right. Stuart invited Siler into a private room, where they conferred for a few minutes.

Julian Agrees to Terms.

"Gentlemen," announced the promoter, "Mr. Julian has given his word that he will accept my decision on this matter. I hope he knows as well enough to believe that I would not wrong Fitzsimmons in any manner. I am of the opinion that Mr. Corbett's interpretation of the rules is absolutely impartial and gives neither of the fighters the slightest advantage."

"Let it be understood, then, that Corbett and Fitzsimmons may hit with a free hand during clinches and that they may all bang away at each other during separating. In short, Mr. Siler's instructions are to be followed to the letter. I trust this will satisfy the government."

"Very well, then," Julian rejoined, "let it go at that; I won't kick."

Brady suggested a small bottle and the conference adjourned.

Kinetoscope Privileges.

Mr. Rector, who represents the Edison Kinetoscope Company, got to Stuart's office today and concluded business arrangements.

The most delicate and improved apparatus for reproducing motion on paper will be set up in a box seventeen feet distant from the ring side, it will project no higher than the ring clinches and that they may all bang away at each other during separating. Stuart will receive a cash consideration from the company and a percentage of the receipts from such exhibitions.

Corbett Is Coming Up in Shape.

Three hours of fast work on the road this morning left Corbett with plenty of steam for the evening's work. The punching bag was not touched, but Jim put in a few extra kicks with the gloves, after taking three straight games of handball from Al Hickey.

He was closely watched by a number of eastern gentlemen, who arrived on the early train, and they all pronounced him better able to put up a fight than ever. Many of them were Fitzsimmons partisans, but they were long faces after seeing Jim drive Woods around the court and knock him back.

Corbett was not even breathing hard when he turned in for his rub-down. He tried his training and he followed in a corner now and then during his first round and in fighting himself out Jim let go a few stiff ones.

He warned Edgren not to force matters too much, and after the big hammer-blow had taken an astronomical observation of two he stood away at a respectful distance.

Fitz Is Working Hard.

The roads about Cook's ranch have dried out beautifully, and Fitzsimmons tried his bicycle this morning. He wheeled fourteen miles before 11 o'clock without a mishap, but his arms appeared to be stiff when he put the gloves on with Hickey.

Dan was at his best, and Bob did not show up any too well in the bout. Roeder limbered the Australian up a bit, and Stensler came in for some fancy short-arm punches. Clinch after clinch followed in the last set-to, and each time Bob showed his short range punching abilities in a wonderful manner. If, as Julian asserts, he is a long range puncher, nobody has been able to discover the fact. His reach of getting in on a break is totally different from Corbett's.

Instead of swinging and hitting, Corbett's jaw with a downward and half circular motion like Jim, he slips up under the guard with a swift and strong upper-cut on the chin.

An obliging friend of Dan Stuart in San Francisco has wired that the director general of his box office is to be located on the day of the fight. According to the Southern Association, an organized band of robbers will station themselves around the office, and when they think enough money is in sight, guns will be whipped out and all hands stood up. Dan is not losing any sleep over the plot.

Timeskeepers Are Selected.

George Siler and Stuart were formally notified this evening that Jimmy Colville, of Boston, would serve as Corbett's timekeeper, and that Lou Houseman, of Chicago, would hold the watch for Fitzsimmons.

First Edition EXTRA

LARMAN, FIGHTER, GETS THE LIMIT

Resisted the "Revenues" When They Raided His Still.

A PITCHED BATTLE ENSUED

One or Two Officers Were Wounded, But Larmann Was Taken.

WAS TRIED IN U. S. COURT YESTERDAY

The Old Fox Has a Long Record Behind Him in the Moonshining Business—Given Two Years.

The case of old man P. M. Larmann, charged with operating a blockade distillery and shooting at United States officers, was taken up in the United States district court yesterday morning.

The trial of Larmann was set for Thursday, but the defendant was not present. It was thought that he had left, but before court adjourned he put in an appearance and the trial was set for yesterday morning.

The case against the old man was a strong one. In 1886 the revenue officers found the still in which he was at work and was fired upon by the still where there were three men in the still and four officers surrounded it.

Trueman Kellogg and Deputy Trammell went to the side in which the door was located. When they saw the men in the still they ordered them to surrender.

The revenue officers were, however, resisted arrest. According to the officers, the men in the still opened fire on them and this was returned. For a few minutes pitched battle was fought in the mountains.

James Cantrell, who was in the still with old man Larmann, was seriously wounded and for a time it was thought he could not live. When Cantrell fell Larmann surrendered and was carried from the place. He was bound over under a heavy bond and brought to Atlanta to await trial.

At the trial yesterday morning Collector Kellogg was placed on the stand by the government. He told of how, together with the other officers, he attacked the still and was fired upon by the moonshiners. He told all the details of the fierce battle and described the still.

Deputy Marshal Trammell was placed on the stand and told about the same story that Kellogg did. He told of the light and the shooting of Cantrell.

Deputy Witzell, one of the officers who attacked the still, was placed on the stand. In the sentence imposed upon Larmann by Judge Newman it developed that the old man has a fine record as a moonshiner.

He is an old fellow about sixty-five years of age and it seems that for the past twenty years has not been confined to Georgia, and he is known to have made whisky in Alabama.

In making statements to officers and on the stand when he was first brought to Atlanta, Larmann's defense was that he has been assured by good and reliable persons that it was no harm to make whisky at the particular place, fifty miles from the home of the old man, and he admitted to officers that he had erected it and hired the men who were working with him.

Larmann's attorneys did not allow him to make a statement on the stand and the case went to the jury on the evidence introduced by the government.

Two Years at Columbus.

Judge Newman gave the jury a brief charge. The jury returned to the courtroom after remaining out about five minutes and brought in a verdict of guilty.

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Larmann's Downfall.

Years ago P. M. Larmann was a prosperous young man. He came from an influential north Georgia family and had never known want.

Whisky caused his downfall. He started into the moonshine business and it had a strange fascination for him. Several times he was discovered and arrested, but always succeeded in making good.

He broke the revenue law and came near ending on the gallows. It was the merest accident that he didn't kill one of the officers in the fight several months ago. The officer was only a few feet from him when Larmann raised his gun and fired. The officer saw the movement in time and stepped to one side and the bullet whizzed past him, grazing his clothing.

The old man will spend two years in the penitentiary at Columbus, O., and may then be tried on the conspiracy case.

Funeral of Mrs. McPherson.

Athens, Ga., March 12.—(Special).—Today at noon the remains of Mrs. McPherson, who died a few days since, at Frederick, Md., were brought to Athens for interment. They were accompanied by Dr. J. H. T. McPherson, of the University of Georgia, son of the deceased, and by his sister, Miss McPherson. The services were conducted by Rev. J. W. Walden, pastor of the Presbyterian church, and Chancellor W. E. Boggs, of the university.

THE OFFICIAL BALLOT.	
OUR POPULAR SCHOOL CONTEST.	
SATURDAY, MARCH 13.	
Name of School

NESBITT NAMES WOMAN'S BOARD

Appoints Georgia Ladies To Secure Woman's Exhibit

LEADING WOMEN OF GEORGIA

Representative Women of Every Section Are Selected.

WILL GET UP EXHIBIT FOR NASHVILLE

Will Join Mrs. Thompson in the Work She Has in Hand—What the Nature of Their Work in Getting Up Exhibit Will Be.

Commissioner of Agriculture R. T. Nesbitt is leaving nothing undone to make the state exhibit at Nashville the equal of the exhibit sent there from any other state.

In order to push the work to a rapid conclusion, and to arouse interest throughout the state, Colonel Nesbitt will appoint two ladies from each congressional district and four from the state at large to assist in the work of arranging the exhibit.

The list has not yet been completed, but the greater number of those who will be members of the board have been selected. Replies from all of them have not yet been received.

Colonel Nesbitt could furnish only a partial list of those who are to be on the board. They include only the ladies who have accepted, and not all of those who have been asked.

The list is as follows, so far as it has been completed:

From the congressional districts, Mrs. Arthur Hood, Cuthbert; Mrs. M. L. Merrick, Americus; Miss Annie Dennis, Tallapoosa; Mrs. M. F. Cole, Newnan; Mrs. W. C. Clarke, Covington; Mrs. J. Lindsay Johnson, Rome; Mrs. M. G. Whitlock, Marietta; Mrs. William Broughton, Madison; Mrs. Eugene B. Heard, Milledgeville; Mrs. A. P. Brantley, Blackshear; Mrs. Edwin Brobst, Brunswick; Mrs. C. C. Duncan, Perry.

From the state at large, Mrs. W. H. Felton, Cartersville; Mrs. Jennie H. Sibbey, Union Point; Mrs. R. T. Nesbitt, secretary, Atlanta; Mrs. Joseph Thompson, Atlanta, president of the woman's board of Atlanta, ex-officio custodian of the \$500 donated by the legislature to the women of Georgia, and also commissioner for the Georgia room in the woman's building, and for the state exhibit in the agricultural and forestry buildings.

All the ladies of the board, and those who have been asked to become members, are well known and are influential in their section of the country. It is expected that this board will arouse a great amount of interest in the exhibit, and the ultimate result will be that Georgia will send a better exhibit than at first thought.

They will have charge of the woman's building at Nashville, and on Georgia day they will all be present to entertain the Georgians who attend the exposition.

The ladies are all interested in the exhibit, and have already begun work in their respective neighborhoods. Besides raising donations, they will solicit fruit, and in that way the fruit exhibit, which will be very elaborate, will be greatly improved.

As soon as the board has been completely organized and the full list of members published the ladies will probably have a meeting, and at that time some plan of action will be mapped out by the leaders. Work on the exhibit is progressing rapidly, and Commissioner Nesbitt, Dr. Payne and Professor Yeates are all busy. All departments of the exhibit will be as complete as it is possible to make them in the short time allowed, and with the small amount of money donated.

RECEIVER MAKES REPORT.

Mr. Haas Shows What He Has Been Doing.

Mr. Isaac H. Haas, receiver for the American Upholstery Company, filed his report yesterday in the clerk's office. The report is quite a short one, but shows the condition of affairs that existed when the receiver took charge and at the present time.

On December 7th, last, a petition was filed in the superior court by L. Gholston and others against the American Upholstery Company, asking that a receiver be placed in charge of the assets of the failing concern; to transact the company's business and protect the many outside creditors.

Judge Lumpkin granted an order on the petition, and appointed Mr. Haas as temporary receiver, setting the case for a hearing on March 2d.

On this latter date, the temporary receivership was made permanent, and Mr. Haas was ordered to make a report of what he had accomplished since assuming charge of the company's affairs. This he did yesterday, showing:

December 7, 1896, cash on hand, \$100.92
Total collections, \$2,343.29
Cash sales, \$491.73

Expenses, taxes and repairs, including receiver's salary and attorney's fees, \$3,321.26
Merchandise (purchases and pay roll), \$7,929.09
Exchange and collections, \$233.65
Return cash overpaid, \$48.09
Charge from cash item, \$44.75

Balance cash on hand, \$270.29
Total, \$2,343.29

December 7, 1896, accounts receivable (from Am. Up. Co.), \$25,401.09
Sales, \$17,547.27

Accounts collected, \$23,943.29
Transferred to perm. receiver, \$15,832.93
Bills receivable to perm. receiver, \$738.04

RAILROAD PLUM MAY FALL TO WEST

May Get the Position of Director of the Union Pacific Railway.

HE SEEMS TO HAVE A PULL

Has Been a Friend of Secretary Gage for a Number of Years.

POSITION WILL PROBABLY COME TO HIM

It Is a Good Thing and Colonel West Will Be Prepared to Push It Along If It Comes His Way.

One of the five places of the board of directors of the Union Pacific road may fall to Georgia.

It is probable that the appointment may fall to A. J. West, of Atlanta.

Since the inauguration, in which Colonel West figured as aide on the staff of General Horace Porter, he has come forth prominently as a probable appointee of the government.

Colonel West has returned from his trip east. While in Washington he called upon all of the men in high station and was entertained royally. It was he who made the presentation speech when the gift was made to General Porter of a handsome stick by the aides on his staff.

Colonel West was made to repeat the story of how he first met the general after the siege at Vicksburg, when he went through the lines to see General Grant. It was an interesting story, and those gathered to hear it were well entertained.

While in Washington Colonel West also saw Secretary Gage, who met him cordially, for they have been fast friends for a number of years.

It is through the secretary that the appointment will probably come. Twenty years ago Colonel West made a trip to Chicago, and at the time met the first time Mr. Gage, who was then president of the First National Bank.

The acquaintance kept up, and afterwards the Georgian was appointed as a commissioner to the Chicago exposition from this state. With this enterprise Mr. Gage was prominently connected, and the two were thrown together frequently.

At another time Colonel West was on the board of invitation, which went on to invite the Chicago delegation to the Cotton States and International exposition.

Then he was thrown into the friendship of Mr. Gage again. In this way the friendship kept up, and the two are warm in their relationship.

It is the desire of the new secretary of the board to bring about him a number of business men. He has stated that he will name practical business men for the position on the board of directors of the Union Pacific road.

All of these facts taken together, makes the appointment of Colonel West probable.

What Colonel West Says.

Colonel West was seen yesterday. "I have had no intimation," he said, "that I will be appointed. The position will be pleasant, but of course I do not know what will be done. Yes, Mr. Gage and I have known each other for a number of years, and I look upon him as a good friend. I do not know what he will do."

The Lenten Girl.

With downcast eyes and air devout,
She kneels in Lenten pew;
And wrestles with her plans about
Her Easter garments new.

Purchase she figures as a bride,
Beyond these Lenten days;
How sweet to swell with maiden pride,
Add feel the envious gaze.

Thus, penitential still, she kneels,
And makes a contrite face,
While an unlucky sinner feels,
"Good Lord, deliver us."

Dr. Morse to Lecture.

This morning at 10 o'clock, at the Atlanta Woman's Club, occurs the second of the series of lectures on "Parliamentary Law," by Dr. Morse. They will doubtless prove very popular occasions under the auspices of the civics section of the club, and will afford instruction that will be valuable to women in any way associated with organizations.

Local Society Items.

The L. L. M. Club meets this afternoon with Miss Carrie Howell.

Miss Jessie Carter, of LaGrange, is the guest of Miss Ethel Mobley.

Miss Lillian Lochrane leaves for a visit in the country tomorrow.

Mr. W. H. Venable entertains a party at his Stone Mountain home tomorrow.

Mrs. William D. Ellis, Jr., and Miss Katherine Rutherford are the guests of Mrs. M. A. Lipscomb in Athens.

The prospective wife of Atlanta of Miss Louise Dubose, of Athens, will be a source of great pleasure to her many friends and admirers in Atlanta. She is one of the most beautiful young women in the state.

Mrs. Hunter and Miss Jones leave for New York today.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph S. Raine, Miss Raine and Mrs. Pryor L. Myratt left last evening for Kentucky, where they will be in attendance at the wedding of Mr. John S. Raine and Miss Bohon. Mr. Raine and his bride will reside in Atlanta.

HERMIT SEEKS A NEW RETREAT

Too Many Visitors Caused the Old Man to Move.

Waycross, Ga., March 12.—(Special.)—The mysterious disappearance last fall of Michael Merkel, the French hermit of Lake Helen, Florida, has not become known until very recently.

The old recluse tired of the old palmetto cabin in which he had resided in seclusion for so many years, and a newspaper correspondent discovered him two years ago and widely published a story concerning him.

It is thought that he is residing near New Smyrna, on the Florida East Coast railway, about twenty miles east of Lake Helen, though nobody seems to know exactly where he lives.

Postmaster Neil, of Waycross, says that he has received at his office during the past year large bundles of French newspapers addressed to Michael Merkel, the hermit, from a French woman in East St. Louis, Mo.

From what can be learned of Merkel he is about fifty years of age. He wears his hair and beard short and reads French fluently and seems to have been fairly well educated in his native tongue.

A Word to Ladies Attending the Cooking School.

Don't forget you can buy any article in the kitchenware at cut price at Pittman-Thompson Hardware Co., as they want to save expense of moving stock to their new store, No. 2 Whitehall street, next door to J. M. High & Co.

THE FAIR THIS YEAR

Farmers of the State To Meet in Augusta Next Monday.

TO TALK OF KING COTTON

Reduction of Acreage Will Be Made by Concerted Action.

OFFICERS TO BE INSTALLED FOR YEAR

Many Important Affairs Will Be Taken Up, and the Meeting Promises to Be of a Lively Nature.

The farmers of Georgia are preparing to go to Augusta, Monday the called session of the State Agricultural Society will be held there.

At the same time the session of the American Cotton Growers' Association will be held. From every part of the state delegates will come to discuss the situation and make arrangements for the coming crop.

The meeting will be the most important held by the farmers in a number of years. All officers of the State Agricultural Society will be installed.

Decision will be made as to the reduction of the cotton acreage during the coming year. At the same time it will be decided whether a state fair will be held this year, and if so where.

There is a strong probability that the society will decide to hold the annual display of agricultural products in Atlanta and that the fair will be opened at the Piedmont park. These are some of the questions to be taken up.

During the present season there will be a united effort on the part of the farmers all over the south to reduce the cotton acreage. No session of the national convention will be held. It has been decided by the officers of the association by the officers of the association that a series of meetings in different parts of the south will be far more beneficial to the interests of the farmers than one large convention. This plan would be more expedient, because no funds are on hand for defraying the expenses of delegates to the conventions.

This meeting in Augusta is the first of a series to be held all over the south.

As to the State Fair Question.

There will be a strong effort to have the state fair brought to Atlanta this year. The officers of the society are strongly in favor of holding the exposition and will advocate the proposition that it will be best to hold it on the old Cotton States and International exposition grounds in Atlanta.

They will urge that the buildings are here prepared to receive exhibits, and that no place in the state will be more convenient to the farmers in every sense of the word. The expense will be small, according to the plans and specifications drawn by G. Lucke & Stewart several months ago, before any trouble arose. At that time a picture of the proposed structure was published in The Constitution.

Payments will be made as the work progresses. A solvent bond will be required of the successful bidder and each proposal for the structure will be accompanied by \$1,000 as a guarantee that the successful bidder will execute the required bond.

Augusta has a gala season in store.

CHARGED WITH SWINDLING.

But S. Aron Says That the Debt Is Not Due.

Mr. F. Meening, of Danville, Ill., representing the Danville Manufacturing Company, went before Judge Bloodworth yesterday and swore out a warrant against S. Aron, of this city, charging him with being a common cheat and swindler.

Aron was arrested by the hotel police for his appearance at Bloodworth's court this afternoon at 2 o'clock. Messrs. Mayson & Hill represent the Danville Manufacturing Company and Messrs. Hughes represent Aron. There is \$1,000 involved.

It is claimed by the Danville Manufacturing Company that he was at the head of the Southern Manufacturing and Commission Company, that he was engaged in manufacturing clothing, that the Southern Manufacturing and Commission Company was an old and incorporated concern, and that it was capitalized at \$30,000, of which \$15,000 had been paid in.

It is claimed that upon these and other representations the goods were sold to Aron, the bill amounting to \$1,005. This money he has not paid, and it is claimed by his creditors that he does not intend to pay it. They say that soon after the goods arrived in this city, Aron sold about \$300 worth of them to the Woolf Pants factory for about \$300 cash. What he has done with this money they do not attempt to say.

Aron's place of business is on the corner of Wall and Loyd streets, and it is claimed that he has good stock at that place, and has none anywhere else. The prosecution states that Aron never has engaged in the manufacture of anything since his advent into this city. They say that the Southern Manufacturing and Commission Company is merely a scheme, and that at the time that Aron wrote to the Danville Manufacturing Company, which was last December, the company was not incorporated, nor was the charter secured until February.

The Danville Manufacturing Company claims that the goods were bought of them with the intention of defrauding them of the money, and that therefore the company is guilty of cheating and swindling under the law. A representative of Dun's Mercantile Agency stated last night that the receipt was given by the Southern Manufacturing and Commission Company, and that he believes it is true, it is probable that there are others in the game, who will come forward at the proper time.

Aron was seen, but would not make a full statement of the case. He said that he would rather reserve his side of the case until the trial. The defense which he will make is decidedly unique.

He claims that the goods were bought on time, and that the bill is not due for fully two months. He says that the Danville Manufacturing Company do not know whether or not he intends to pay the amount, and that if he does pay it there can be no case of cheating and swindling. He, therefore, claims that the warrant was sworn out too soon, and must be dismissed as manifestly improper.

The company cannot show an attempt on its part to defraud until the bill is due.

The bond was signed by A. L. Furstenburg.

WILL HOLD MIDSUMMER FAIR

Sumter County Decides to Have an Exhibition.

Americus, Ga., March 12.—(Special.)—The question of a mid-summer fair was fully determined this morning at a meeting of the Sumter County Agricultural Society. Reports from every district in the county were received, and there was much interest and enthusiasm manifested.

The nature of the exhibition will be largely horticultural and agricultural, though some may live stock may be shown. A special committee to arrange all details, including the offering of premiums, etc., was appointed, and everything points to the success of the undertaking. Some time in July or August will probably be agreed upon.

A Piece of Parchment

When unwritten on is not more colorless than the cadaverous countenances of those unfortunate persons whom we are accustomed to call "confirmed invalids." What a misnomer! Implying, too, despair, a giving up for lost. As long as the living power of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters can be felt, and that is possible so long as there is no absolute collapse of the faculties, fresh vitality can be infused into wasted, feeble frames, and flesh can be brought back to wasted, pallid cheeks with this grand sheet anchor of the debilitated and sickly.

It is the greatest potency and the utmost purity, and a remedy for and preventive of dyspepsia, biliousness, rheumatism, nervous and kidney complaints. Appetite and sleep are greatly aided by it; it counteracts the effects of indigestion, or excitement, and nullifies the often perilous consequences of staying in bed in inclement weather or wearing clothing.

"March 12, 1897."

Hotel Grant

30 to 35 Whitehall street, three blocks from Union depot, electric cars pass the door to all parts of city. Cuisine and dining service unequalled. Tourists' popular resort between the north and south. Special rates to families and commercial men.

BACON RETURNS TO MACON

He Will Go Back to Washington Tomorrow.

Macon, Ga., March 12.—(Special.)—Hon. O. A. Bacon, Georgia's distinguished senator and United States senator, arrived here last night from Washington city, where he has been discharging his public duties.

Senator Bacon will remain in Macon until Sunday, when he will return to Washington to be present on Monday at the convening of congress in extra session. He looks exceedingly well, and he is being given most cordial greeting by his multitude of friends at home.

FACTS ARE STUBBORN THINGS.

You may think that you cannot get a fit in ready-to-wear clothing. It's a mistake. We will demonstrate it to you, if you'll come in. Many of our best customers are men who used to pay fancy prices to tailors before they knew of our perfect fitting "high-art" clothing. You'll be agreeably surprised when you see how good a suit we sell you at \$10, \$12.50, \$15 or \$18. New spring styles ready for inspection.

TAKES THE BULL BY THE HORNS

Judge Ragsdale, of DeKalb, Advertises for Bids for Courthouse.

CASE TIED UP IN LITIGATION

The Ordinary Proposes to Be Ready to Go Ahead.

SITE NOT YET LEGALLY DETERMINED

Both Stone Mountain and Decatur Want the County Seat—The Ordinary Is Against Removal.

The ordinary of DeKalb county is advertising for bids for the erection of a new courthouse.

The question as to whether the county should have a new courthouse has been agitating the people for some time. The old board of commissioners, which was abolished by the last legislature, levied a tax last November intended to raise \$50,000. Some of the citizens objected and applied for an injunction to restrain the tax collector from collecting the tax. The plaintiffs claimed that the commissioners were an illegal body with no right to levy the extra assessment. Judge Candler refused to grant the restraining order.

Before the injunction proceedings were started an election was held to decide the location of the new courthouse. Stone Mountain and Decatur contested for it. The election resulted in a tie and decided nothing, as both sides claimed a victory.

Each town based its claims on a technicality in the law regarding the changing of a county seat.

Stone Mountain said it required two-thirds of the votes cast in the election to change the capital of the county, and Decatur contended that it required two-thirds of all the registered voters in the county.

The question as to which was right was referred to the secretary of state, Colonel Candler, and to Attorney General Ferrell. They have not rendered their decision, but have been waiting for the injunction question to be fully decided.

When Judge Candler refused to enjoin the tax collector, the petitioners immediately had their attorneys carry the case to the supreme court. It is now pending before the justices and the people of DeKalb do not know whether they will have a new courthouse or not. But Ordinary Ragsdale is advertising for bids and seems of the opinion that it is useless to wait longer for the many vexing questions to be decided. He does not want to waste any time.

The advertisement says that sealed proposals will be received at the ordinary office until May 5th, for furnishing all material and labor for the erection of a new courthouse on the ground upon which the present courthouse stands, according to the plans and specifications drawn by G. Lucke & Stewart several months ago, before any trouble arose. At that time a picture of the proposed structure was published in The Constitution.

Payments will be made as the work progresses. A solvent bond will be required of the successful bidder and each proposal for the structure will be accompanied by \$1,000 as a guarantee that the successful bidder will execute the required bond.

WILL SWAP YARNS OF THE ROAD

Drummers Will Meet Around the Jolly Board Tonight.

The drummers will enjoy themselves at the Kimball tonight.

The Atlanta members of Post B and Post F of the Travelers' Protective Association in Georgia, arranged for a pleasant gathering in the ball room of the hotel this evening, and a good time is in store for them.

Manager Scoville, of the Kimball, has arranged for the splendorous musical program by Wurm's orchestra, and sweet strains will delight the drummer's ear while he throws himself aside to enjoy himself.

After a few speeches the order will hold a business session and decide on arrangements for the state convention of the T. P. A., which meets in Atlanta about April 15th.

The convention will be in session two days and will be attended by hundreds of traveling men from all over Georgia.

A grand barbecue and banquet will be tendered to the visitors and the occasion will be one of feast and joy for the jolly salesman.

A committee will then be appointed to attend the national convention at Nashville in June, which will represent over 11,000 American drummers.

Post B will hold its annual election of officers tonight.

The occasion promises to be an enjoyable one and will be largely attended.

WILSON MAKES STRONG DENIAL

Says the Charge Brought Against Him Does Him Injustice.

An article appeared in The Constitution yesterday morning which stated that G. F. Wilson, of the Wilson Loan Company, was in danger of being prosecuted on a serious charge. It was said that he had sent a threatening letter through the mail to an old negro woman by the name of Francis Adams, of this city, and that in this letter he had denied emphatically having written or having caused to be written any such letter.

"Editor of The Constitution.—The sensational article in this morning's Constitution headed 'Wilson Slips Up' does me so much injury as to make me in a position so erroneous before the public that I desire space in your paper to set myself right before the public."

"In the first place I did not write the letter published as part of the article referred to, nor did I dictate or send it or any other letter to Francis Adams. I have sent no threatening letter to this woman 'to extort money from her,' and should the necessity arise, I stand ready to furnish full and complete proof of these facts in regard to the statement that I induced the woman to borrow money from others and told her that I would protect her in the non-payment of these loans. I wish to say that that is unqualifiedly false."

"I do not desire to enter into the merits of the case in this case, as I have no time to do so. I will establish the fact that your reporter has been misled by irresponsible persons between the north and south, before a proper tribunal."

"G. F. WILSON."

"March 12, 1897."

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Special This Week

Our finest Fancy Bosom Shirt, with cuffs to match, a 4-ply linen collar and a nobby necktie, the outfit is worth

\$2.15 This Week's Price \$1.50.

Eiseman & Weil,

3 Whitehall St.

SPACE IN AUSTELL BUILDING.

Parties desiring offices, stores, warehouses, barbershops, restaurant or news and tobacco stand in Austell building will find plans of same ready for inspection and renting at 42 1/2 Wall street, room 5, after 3 o'clock p. m. every day. W. F. Parkhurst, Agent.

AFRICANA

Cures absolutely, without fail, and to stay cured, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Syphilis, Constipation, Gout, and all diseases caused by impure blood.

It is made altogether from herbs, perfectly harmless, and yet is the most powerful and surest remedy ever discovered for the above named diseases.

It has Never Failed in a Single Instance

Out of the hundreds treated, I will entirely remove all after effects of that dreadful and fatal disease—Syphilis—and leave no trace of it.

For Sale by All Druggists.

The ... Wedding Gown."

That's the suggestive title of an elegant volume designed as a gift for a bride. It's the production of Emma Moffett Tyng and Agnes O'Crane. It is intended to gather and hold together the many souvenirs of the happy wedding time—the card of invitation, list of flowers, jewels, gifts, bits of the pretty gowns, notes of the wedding journey, congratulatory messages, press notices, etc.—things of precious association and remembrance to a woman, but apt to slip out of keeping as the years pass. Nothing could be more unique or quite so acceptable. Quarto bound in white Vellum cloth, with gold title strap, \$5.00. Quarto bound in white Brocade or Antique Silk, with gold title strap, \$8.00.

(In a box.)
J. P. Stevens & Bro.,
47 Whitehall St.

well!

well!

are you well? if not, drink

"phosphate gin."

'twill make you well. the genuine in round bottles, bearing name of

gin phosphate remedy co

atlanta.

distributed by
b. & b.,
atlanta.

OPIUM and Whiskey Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. J. M. WOOLLEY, M.D., Atlanta, Ga., Office 104 N. Pryor St.

NISBET WINGFIELD CONSULTING ENGINEER
WATER SUPPLY AND DRAINAGE
414 NORCORSE BUILDING, ATLANTA, GA.

The ease of manner and appearance of satisfaction which pervades a well-dressed man arises from a confidence in his own attractiveness. His toilet is winning, because it is becoming and fresh, his refined taste is responsible for its becomingness; and, as his linen has been faultlessly laundered, it looks new, and he is content. Only a PURE LINEN FINISHED laundry work can produce such happy results.

Remember you can get this only at the

Trio Steam Laundry
79-81 Edgewood Ave., Atlanta, Ga.
Liberal commission to agents in other towns.

In Washington

The inauguration is a great occasion. With us it is an every day affair to furnish the best horses for riding or driving, and the nicest and most stylish turnouts of all descriptions.

Harrison & Herren
Liverymen
37 IVY ST.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.
Chas. M. Stedman, Wharton O. Wilson, STEEDMAN & WILSON, Attorneys and Counselors at Law, 315 and 317 Temple Court, Atlanta, Ga.
Will practice in the state and federal courts.
R. T. Dorsey, P. H. Brewster, Albert Howell DORSEY, BREWSTER & HOWELL, LAWYERS, Offices—1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 Lowe building, 604 Whitehall. Telephone 520.
LEE J. LANGLEY, Attorney at Law, 234 Whitehall St., in Office of Judge W. R. Hammond. Telephone 571.
Joseph A. Hunt, J. F. Goughly, HUNT & GOLIGHTLY, Attorneys and Counselors at Law, No. 113 East Alabama Street, Atlanta, Ga. Telephone No. 291.

M. M. MAUCK.
42 PEACHTREE.
NEW WALL PAPER AND PAINT STORE.
AM NOT AT 20 HUNTER. I sold out my interest there last May.

M. M. MAUCK.
PETER LYNCH
95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell Sts.

Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Tobaccos, Hardware, Guns, Pistols, Cartridges and Ammunition; Field and Garden Seeds in their seasons. A Perfect Variety Store. Orders from city and country promptly filled at lowest market price. Terms cash.

FENDERS FOR CARS

The Proposition To Increase Safety of Citizens Is Revived.

THIS IS AN OLD QUESTION

Previous Councils Have Voted It Down Time and Again—President Hurt's Arguments.

There is another wave of reform sweeping over the city council in the interest of the people which will cause considerable agitation when the matter comes up squarely for action.

It is the long talked-of electric car fenders, the proposition concerning which has been snored under many times before by various committees in other councils.

The Collier ordinance in regard to the issuing of transfers seems to have precipitated an avalanche of reforms along this line, and it is understood now that probably at the very next meeting of the city council an ordinance will be introduced with a view to compelling all electric cars operating on the streets of the city to be equipped with the best and latest improved fenders.

This question has been steadily before the city council for the last three years, and in every instance where it has been brought up, the measure has met with defeat. The last time this matter came before the committee it was reported back to council that it was impracticable to compel the roads to use fenders, for up to the time no perfect fender had ever been invented.

There is a strong sentiment in favor of some form of action on this question at an early date, and the indications now point to an investigation of the fenders employed in other cities with a view to adopting them in Atlanta.

In the matter of the transfers, the situation does not seem changed to any noticeable extent. It is recognized, as predicted in The Constitution at the time, that the fight in behalf of the Consolidated would be along the line that if the system proposed by Mayor Collier should be forced upon the road, such action would jeopardize the credit of the road. Mr. Hurt has said to a city official that if the Consolidated is driven into granting transfers it will injure the road in a great many other ways.

In the first place Mr. Hurt says that if transfers are issued it will give unscrupulous parties an opportunity for speculation, and that if a person boards a Washington street car, goes to Marietta and gets his transfer ticket, there will be no way on earth to prevent such a person from selling his ticket, say on the north Atlanta car, and in this way the Consolidated will be robbed of considerable sums of money.

Mr. Hurt also says that tickets of this character generally have a time limit, and are only good for five or ten minutes, and he argues that if the Washington street car conductor and the Consolidated transfer ticket for a North Atlanta car and that car should happen to be late, the passenger holding the over-due transfer ticket might be put off by the North Atlanta conductor and that would result in a damage suit. At the time this was urged by Mr. Hurt the suggestion was made that he might give a wider margin on his time limit if he thought there would be any danger of the cars not making their regular schedules. The final stand made by the president of the Consolidated was that a system of transfers would open the doors to the employees for dishonest action. It seems to be the theory of the Consolidated that in case the transfers are forced upon the road scalpers will spring up in the vicinity of Broad and Marietta streets.

To Cure a Cold in One Day
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

AID FOR THE LIBRARY.

Lady Friends and the Y. M. C. A. Will Raise a Fund.

The ladies' auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. held a very important meeting in the parlors of the Y. M. C. A. building yesterday afternoon. Plans were decided upon for an entertainment which will be given about April 1st for the benefit of the library.

Owing to the stormy weather, only a few ladies were present. The entertainment will be an "old folks' concert." A number of prominent ladies and gentlemen have promised to take part.

The "minuet" of the long ago will be reproduced. The costumes of the ladies will be quaint. The men will wear knickerbockers and long hose.

The entertainment will be held in the Y. M. C. A. auditorium. The music will be arranged by Mr. William Owens. The proceeds will be expended in purchasing new books for the library. The ladies will also give a strawberry festival some time in May.

FOOTE'S DEFENSE.

Says That He Bought in Good Faith and Wants Case Heard.

The case of Mord Foote, Jr., will be among the first called on the superior court docket this morning.

Foote has been ordered to appear and show cause why he should not be sent to jail for contempt of court. A history of the case was published in yesterday's Constitution.

In speaking of the case yesterday afternoon, Foote said: "I bought those Greenberg goods and paid for them, mostly in cash. The purchase was made for a claim I held, and was also made in good faith. I have been treated unfairly in the matter, and am anxious that the court shall define my duties."

"When the hearing comes off tomorrow, I will personally ask the court to advance the hearing and set the case at the earliest date possible. As yet the entire matter is before the court, and I do not care to discuss the details of the transaction until the judge makes his decision."

DECLARED A MISTRIAL.

Jury Could Not Agree in the McThomas Damage Suit.

The jury in the case of Will McThomas against the Southern railway stated to the court at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon that there was no possible chance of an agreement upon a verdict, whereupon Judge Reid declared a mistrial. The jury had been locked up since Thursday at 11 o'clock.

Will McThomas was a negro car coupler in the employ of the Southern railway. While attending to his duties one night he was thrown from a switch engine and lost a foot. For this permanent injury damages were asked. The case consumed several days.

"Busted."

What? Your trunk or valise? We'll fix it. Our price for repairing won't bust you. Our Price for Repairing won't bust you. Our Price for Repairing won't bust you. East Alabama street.

STREET PAYING BIDS

General Council Will Open Some at Its Next Meeting.

FORSYTH TO BE PAVED AT ONCE

Property Owners on Forsyth Are Divided as to the Character of the Material to Be Used.

Bids for the paving of Forsyth street will be opened Monday at the meeting of the city council.

The streets committee has had this paving under consideration for some time, but held up action until the cost of all classes of pavement could be ascertained. When the question of paving Forsyth came up before the council, there appeared two petitions from the property owners along the street. About half asked that the street be paved with vitrified brick, while the other half wanted cubes or Belgian blocks.

After the matter had been referred to the streets committee, and at the time that the committee took up for consideration, representatives of the two factions were present to urge their claims. It was apparent to the committee that a strong fight was imminent, and to check the various kinds of paving before passing on the petitions, and select the lowest bid.

Since the committee agreed upon the course of asking for bids, the factions have shown no spirit to be quieted. Each still contends for its preference in the character of paving.

Bids for all kinds of paving have been filed with the city clerk.

After the bids have been placed in the hands of the committee to select the lowest, the property owners will have another opportunity to be heard.

The committee desires to please all the parties concerned, so far as possible, and a conference has been agreed upon. The petitions call for paving from Hunter to Whitehall, therefore the cost will be an insignificant item. For this reason, the streets committee has changed the usual custom of passing up street paving. It has been the custom heretofore to pass up a street and then call for bids. But this year Chairman Mitchell adopted a new plan. The committee calls for bids first and then passes up the street, accepting the most equitable bid.

"By this means," said Chairman Mitchell last night, "we save the city and property owner in the cost. I am confident when we open the bids for Forsyth street we will find that the best class of paving is vitrified brick, and at a much less cost than what it would have been if bids had been called for after the street had been passed up. I don't think we will have any trouble in accepting the lowest bid."

We intend to have a conference with the parties interested before taking final action."

The Alderman Hirsch, who is one of the property owners along Forsyth street, said that he was in favor of vitrified brick or small Belgian cubes, and would urge the committee to pass upon that kind of paving.

In the meantime, Assistant Attorney Westmoreland is examining the list of petitioners, in order to ascertain if all the signers are bona fide.

LANIER MAY LIVE AFTER ALL

His Physicians Have Some Slight Hope for Him.

Rezy Lanier is still alive, and is improving.

His powerful constitution and great vitality are standing him in good stead, and notwithstanding the serious nature of his wound, his physicians think he will live.

There were no new developments in the case yesterday. Lanier was visited during the day by his attorneys. He talked with them for quite a while about his case, and appeared much interested in the preparation of the prosecution against Perry.

Colonel Noyes said yesterday that the summary of Lanier's dying statement, published in yesterday morning's Constitution, gave substantially what Lanier said, with the exception of a few details that have never been brought out, and will not be made known until the trial.

CAVALRY WILL DRILL.

Governor's Horse Guard Will Get in Shape for Camp.

The Governor's Horse Guard is making active preparations for the coming cavalry encampment at Fort Meador. Commencing April 15th, they will drill every Thursday afternoon on the plaza at Exposition park and get themselves in shape. Their rifle team will practice to meet all comers.

The encampment being located on the coast, the Guard wants to go in May, but great pressure is being brought to bear on them and it may be delayed until July. About three hundred men will be in camp and with their horses will make a fine show on dress parade.

Two infantry regiments have been ordered into camp in Griffin for the use of the Guard in June. The Fifth regiment went in last year, and the Atlanta soldiers will have to take individual trips. Some of them anticipate going to Nashville and some to the coast.

Cure Tobacco Habit for 25c.

Ask your druggist for Bure Quid. It's a healing cure for the tobacco habit. Restores normal action to the heart, stomach, kidneys and sexual organs. Booklet free. Eureka Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich.

Excursion to Fitzgerald, Ga.

On account of the annual Grand Army of the Republic encampment at Fitzgerald, March 12th and 13th, the Southern railway will sell from all stations in Georgia, excursion tickets to Fitzgerald at one and one-third fares for the round trip. Tickets on sale March 11th and 12th good to return until March 15, 1901.

The department headquarters Grand Army of the Republic have arranged for a through train from Atlanta to Fitzgerald. Train leaves Atlanta at 6:30 a. m., March 12th, arriving at Fitzgerald 5:30 p. m. via Southern railway and the Southern Railway. All comrades and friends are invited to join this train. Rate for the round trip is \$1.00. For information apply to any agent of the Southern Railway Company.

C. E. SERGEANT, T. A. A. A. VERNON, P. A. W. D. ALLEN, D. P. A. mar-17

GEORGIA CHAUTAUQUA.

Albany, Ga., March 29, 1901.

For the above meeting the Southern railway will sell tickets from all points in Georgia to Albany and return at a rate of one and one-third fares for the round trip. Tickets on sale March 29th to 31st, inclusive, with limit three days from date of sale. For military companies a rate of 1 cent per mile will be made. The Southern railway has the short and direct line between Albany and Atlanta. Pickups through trains daily. For information apply to any agent of the Southern Railway Company. Ticket office, Kimball house corner, Atlanta, Ga.

A. A. VERNON, P. A. W. D. ALLEN, D. P. A. mar-17

Blank Books
Of all kinds at John M. Miller's, 28 Marietta street. feb-13

Are You Dyspeptic?
If so, take Tyner's Dracophyl Remedy. A few doses will cure you. For sale everywhere.

TWO WIVES SET FREE

Mrs. Frances Beall Was Relieved of Her Domestic Ties.

HER MAIDEN NAME RESTORED

Another Story of a Disparity in Years Bringing Unhappiness to a Married Couple.

Two divorces were granted in the superior court yesterday.

Mrs. Frances Beall was totally divorced from her husband, William M. Beall, and granted permission to use her maiden name, Miss Frances Alexander.

Mrs. Beall took the stand and testified that her husband used to treat her most cruelly. "He often beat me with a rope," said she, "and his marks of violence would remain on my body for two weeks or more. "He often got drunk and rarely ever drew a sober breath. He stole my clothes from my trunk, hid them in a negro house and did many things to make my life miserable. I was compelled to separate from him on March 6, 1896."

No defense was offered to the suit and the jury declared a verdict without leaving the box.

Whitesells Divorced.

Mrs. Whitesell was granted a total divorce from her husband, Samuel J. Whitesell.

Mrs. Whitesell alleged that her erstwhile husband often got badly drunk, came home and ruled her generally. She stated that she had not lived with Whitesell for some time past and asked to be granted personal freedom.

Whitesell died quite a sensational answer to the bill.

He stated that he was many years younger than his wife and now realized the mistake he made in marrying her. She was already a widow and had a son almost grown. Whitesell denied that he was a habitual drunkard, but admitted that on some occasions he had taken a little more than was absolutely essential to his welfare.

The answer alleged that there were many wrinkles in the family and mutual agreement on nearly all subjects. This was caused, so Whitesell declares, from the discrepancies in the ages of himself and better than that, he had taken a little more than was absolutely essential to his welfare. He stated that he was many years younger than his wife and now realized the mistake he made in marrying her. She was already a widow and had a son almost grown. Whitesell denied that he was a habitual drunkard, but admitted that on some occasions he had taken a little more than was absolutely essential to his welfare.

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THE WEATHER

For Georgia—Showers tonight and cooler.
Sunday: Showers, followed by fair.

You Will Not Bother About the Weather
If You Read The Evening Constitution.

THE EVENING CONSTITUTION.

VOL. I. NO. 48.

ATLANTA, GA., SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 13, 1897.

TWO CENTS.

THE OFFICIAL BALLOT.
OUR POPULAR SCHOOL CONTEST.
SATURDAY, MARCH 18.

Name of School
Name of Pupil
Pupil's Address

Third Edition.

3:30 P. M.

TRAIN PLUNGES INTO THE ETOWAH RIVER

Southern Combination Falls Forty Feet Through a
Trestle, and What Is Not Buried in the Swollen
Waters Is Totally Destroyed By Fire.

THE ENGINEER'S LIFE SAVED BY A MIRACLE

Falls Beneath His Locomotive and then Swims Ashore With a
Broken Leg—Fireman Jumps, Too, and Is Saved.
Fire Adds to the Disaster, and All Travel on
Two Railroads Is Now Blocked.

Rome, Ga., March 12.

Special to The Evening Constitution.

This morning at 3:30 the mixed freight
and passenger train of the Southern road
was wrecked about a mile from Rome. All
details go to make up the most thrilling
accident which has happened here in years.

About a mile from Rome the Southern
road crosses the Etowah river and about
fifty feet north of the bridge the Southern
crosses the Rome road on a trestle, about
forty feet high.

This morning as the train coming from
Chattanooga to Atlanta, carrying five
freight cars, one baggage, two passenger
and a Pullman coach, reached this point
on the trestle the latter gave way when
the train was about half over it and all
the cars except the last passenger and the
Pullman plunged through, one on top of the
other.

The engine had reached the bridge when
the trestle collapsed and was jerked slightly
back off the track and plunged wildly
into the Etowah river. It now rests on the
bottom of the river, which is much swollen
by recent rains.

Fireman Al Kennedy jumped, but En-
gineer Jim Pittman went under the water
with his engine. Almost by a miracle
neither was killed. Pittman swam out with
a broken leg and a badly injured back. No
one was seriously hurt except these two
and a negro preacher in the second class
passenger coach.

About half an hour after the wreck a
fire alarm was turned in, but before
the department could reach the wreck it
almost completely burned up.

It is thought that the very heavy rains
of the past few days washed the founda-
tion of the trestle and thus caused the
accident.

No trains will be run today on either the
Western and Atlantic nor the Southern
until noon.

This is the first time Rome has been
completely cut off from the outside world
except by reason of a flood.

Many people visited the wreck today, and
the passengers are divided between the
hotels.

Flagman E. E. Lyons probably saved the
lives of a great many people by running
back immediately after the wreck occurred
and stopping No. 52 freight, which con-
sisted of thirty cars of freight and was
only twenty minutes behind the wrecked
train.

The freight was stopped just in time.
There was no way to stop the train but by
a messenger, as the freight had passed
all telegraph stations.

The wrecked engine is the same one that
killed the Woodward family near Chat-
tanooga a few days ago.

ROASTED TO DEATH.

AN ENGINE UPSETTING THROWS ITS
FIRE UPON THE ENGINEER.

The Fireman Is Fatally Injured and
Unable To Help His Companion,
Who Begs To Be Put Out of
His Misery.

Chattanooga, Tenn., March 12.

Special to The Evening Constitution.

News has just reached here from Cole
City, Ga., of a terrible railroad accident
there at noon. A switch engine of the
Dade Coal Company, running between
the company's mines and its furnace, ran
into an open bridge, washed away by high
water.

The locomotive plunged down an embank-
ment, carrying with it the engineer, J. L.
Stewart, and the fireman, named Cagle.

The locomotive turned upside down and
coal from the fire box fell across the
engineer's breast.

The fireman was pinned to the side of the
cab and could render Stewart no as-
sistance. Stewart begged the fireman to
kill him.

Stewart was burned to death. The fire-
man is fatally burned and will die.



JOSEPH W. BAILEY.
The Brainy Representative from Texas, Whom Democratic Congressmen Will
Nominate for Speaker of the House.

BIGAMY IS THE CHARGE

Sensational Divorce Suit Is Filed This
Afternoon by Benjamin B.
Randall.

RED HOT ALLEGATIONS MADE

Randall Says His Wife Passed as a
Widow Under an Assumed
Name.

SAYS NOW HE WANTS A DIVORCE

Randall is Soda-water Clerk at Gold-
smith & Edmondson's, on White-
hall street, and is Popular in Busi-
ness Circles—What the Petition Al-
leges.

One of the most sensational divorce suits
filed in years was placed on record in the
superior court this afternoon at 2 o'clock
and the story is told exclusively by The
Evening Constitution.

The plaintiff in the suit is Mr. Benjamin
B. Randall, who is the manager of the
soda water fountain in the drug store of
Goldsmith & Edmondson, on Whitehall
street. Mr. Randall is well known in At-
lanta and is quite popular in business cir-
cles. He came to Atlanta from Carters-
ville, where he was a member of an ex-
cellent family.

Mr. Randall charges his wife with big-
amy, claiming that he married her when
she had a living husband, from whom she
had not been divorced, and that she mar-
ried under an assumed name.

It is charged in the sensational divorce
petition that Mr. Randall married Alice
Laura Lingo in Atlanta November 24, 1895.
He says she was introduced to him as a
widow and that she told him her name
was Alice Laura Chambers, saying that
her husband had been killed on a trestle
in a railroad accident.

"I had no reason to question her state-
ments in this connection," says Mr. Ran-
dall, "and believed them to be true."

He says they lived happily together as
man and wife until March 24 last, when
he was informed of the base deception of
which his wife was guilty. He says he
then deserted her and now asks for the
courts to relieve him of his marriage vows.
The petition is filed by Messrs. Upshaw &
Robinson, the well known attorneys, and
they will fight the case for Mr. Randall in
the superior court when the case is reached.

HE SAYS SHE CONFESSED.

Mr. Randall now declares that at the
time of his marriage his wife was none
other than Mrs. Alice Laura Lingo, the
wife of George Lingo, who is now living
in America and from whom she has never
been divorced. Mr. Randall says he con-
fronted his wife with the information
which he had received and she confessed
that the statement was true, but claiming
that she thought her husband was dead.

There are no children and neither of the
parties at issue claim to possess any real
estate.

Mrs. Lingo is a beautiful young woman
and The Evening Constitution presents
her picture, which was taken from a pho-
tograph taken for The Evening Constitu-
tion this morning. She is well known in
Atlanta, where she has been living for
more than a year.

THE GUARDS ORDERED OUT.

London, March 12.—The Times correspond-
ent at Montevideo cables that the Urugu-
ayan government has decided to enroll
the national guard for service against the
insurgents.

The authorities have prohibited the trans-
mission of all news respecting the insur-
rection.

THE OFFICERS BEING NAMED

Both the Democratic and Republi-
can Members of the House Will
Nominate Candidates.

REPUBLICANS TO NAME REED

Bitter Feeling Against Him Among
the McKinley Republicans Not
Strong Enough To Beat Him.

JOE BAILEY IS DEMOCRATS' CHOICE

The Texas Will Receive the Honor
of His Party's Naming Him for
Speaker—He Will Be the Youngest
Man Ever Nominated for Speaker
of the House.

Washington, March 12.

Special to The Evening Constitution.

Both the democratic and republican mem-
bers of the house of representatives will
nominate their candidates for house offi-
cers today.

Of course Thomas B. Reed will have no
serious opposition for the republican
speakership nomination. There is no
doubt that there is bitter feeling against
him among many of the McKinley republi-
cans, and if the opposition had been as
manifest thirty days ago as it is today
Reed could have been defeated. Nothing is
as strong as the power of the adminis-
tration, and there is no doubt that this
power does not feel friendly to Reed. How-
ever, lack of organization among his op-
ponents will enable Reed to secure the
nomination without serious opposition, and
he will be speaker of the house for the
next two years. Everybody knows, how-
ever, that there is a breach between Mc-
Kinley and Reed, and that it will widen
with time seems to be certain. Reed has
never got over McKinley's nomination for
president. He had his heart set on the
place himself and he has harbored re-
sentment against his successful competitor
ever since. During the campaign, when he
went to California, he passed through Can-
ton returning without stopping to pay his
respects to the presidential nominee of his
party. It is known that President Mc-
Kinley has endeavored to conciliate Reed,
and having failed in this, war will, no
doubt, be declared. Hanna is outspoken
against Reed, and it is said that he has
gone so far as to advise the administra-
tion to antagonize him for the speakership
nomination, but this will not be done.

THE DEMOCRATIC NOMINATION.

The democratic nomination for speaker
will go to Congressman Joe Bailey, of
Texas. He will be the youngest man ever
nominated for this place—being only thirty-
three years of age. Bailey is a born
leader. He is one of the most popular of
the old democratic members of the house,
and had the advantage of being anti-
agonized by two men of the same name—
McMillan and Richardson. The strength
of each of his competitors has been se-
riously affected by the fact that both are
from the same state; but during the past
week it has been evident that the fight
was Bailey's.

The minority nomination for speaker is
by no means an empty honor; for while it
does not mean that the recipient of this
honor shall be the presiding officer of the
house, it does mean that he is the minority
leader on the floor. Crisp's able leader-
ship of the democrats on the floor enabled
him to be speaker; and that this honor is
in store at an early day for young Joe
Bailey, of Texas, seems to be one of the
certainties of the future, for there are few
men in politics here who do not believe
that the democrats will carry the next con-
gress.

S. N. EVANS IS RECEIVER

Guarantee Loan and Investment
Company Put in the Hands of
a Temporary Receiver.

LUMPKIN NAMES ONE TODAY

Alleges That the Company Is Insol-
vent, but President Goode
Says It's Untrue.

SENSATIONAL CHARGES ARE FILED

It is Claimed That the Officers of the
Company Have Been Using Funds
of the Company for Their Personal
Benefit—What the Court Will Al-
lege.

At 2:10 o'clock this afternoon Samuel N.
Evans was appointed temporary receiver of
the Guarantee Loan and Investment Com-
pany by Judge J. H. Lumpkin.

President Samuel Goode made a state-
ment to the court that the company is sol-
vent, but the temporary receiver was
named for it.

The application for receiver was filed
yesterday afternoon in the clerk's office
and was subsequently presented to Judge
Lumpkin.

Judge Lumpkin granted the restraining
order asked for and set the case for a
hearing before him in chambers on March
20th, but reserved the privilege of passing
upon the application for receivership at
1:45 o'clock this afternoon.

The petition charges that the Guarantee
Loan and Investment Company has been
merged into the Southern Exchange Bank
and Trust Company and that all of the
interests and dues of the stockholders of
the former company have no assets at
present in the Guarantee Loan and Invest-
ment Company.

The plaintiffs bringing the petition are
F. H. Donnelly, who owns seven shares;
L. H. Hilton, ten shares; E. S. McCandless,
twenty shares, and J. H. Bates, ten
shares.

The officers of the company are Samuel
N. Goode, president; James G. West,
secretary and assistant cashier, and J. O.
Parker, cashier. The petitioners claim they
have regularly paid the monthly dues of
75 cents until last February, when they
were advised by President Goode to re-
frain from making any further payments
as the company was making but little
profits and was not working satisfactorily.

The petitioners claim that upon an ex-
amination they found all of the assets and
interests of the Guarantee Loan and In-
vestment Company had been merged into
the Southern Exchange Bank and Trust
Company.

They charge that the charter of the Guar-
antee Loan and Investment Company has
been violated since there have been but
three officers managing the affairs of the
company, when the charter provides for
more than that number. They also charge
that the company has never made a state
deposit with the state treasurer as the law
requires.

USING THE COMPANY'S MONEY.

They charge that J. O. Parker has left
the state and is at present in Indiana and
is solvent. They say President Goode
and Secretary West are totally insolvent
and are using the funds of the company
for their individual benefit and are giving
no security. It is charged that on May
1st of 1896 was loaned J. O.
Parker without any security being given.

The petitioners allege on information and
belief that President Goode, Secretary
West and Cashier Parker are in no way
interested in either company and are using
the company's money on the pretense of
making loans to themselves without giving
the stockholders any security. They say
all of the assets will be wasted and squan-
dered unless the courts intervene and take
charge of the company's business.

A permanent injunction is prayed for
with other relief to be furnished from the
courts.

A BURGLAR'S BULLET.

IT MISSED THIEF AND CAME NEAR
KILLING A SLEEPING NEIGHBOR.

Mrs. Barnes's Son, at No. 16 Gray
Street, Shoots a Burglar and
the Bullet Made a Remark-
able Record.

A remarkable burglar story was told
at the police station this morning. It was
reported by Patrolman M. L. Petty.

Thursday night, or rather Friday morn-
ing about 1 o'clock, a burglar tried to
break into a house at No. 16 Gray street,
where Mrs. M. L. Barnes resides with her
son. Next door and across a ten-foot al-
ley Patrolman Petty lives.

MINERS OUT ON STRIKE.

Huntington, Pa., March 12.—The miners
employed in the Eichelberger, Hicks, Sweet
and Reed bituminous coal mines, at Dud-
ley, Bedford county, have gone out on a
strike because of a reduction in the price
of yardage. Owing to the prevailing low
prices the mine owners say they are com-
pelled to reduce the price paid for yard-
age to 50 cents.

The strike will affect about 800 men.

Third Edition.

3:30 P. M.

A CUBAN LEADER ARRIVES IN ATLANTA

Secretary Antonio Govin, of the Autonomist Party,
Reaches the City Direct from Havana, and
Under Circumstances of Almost
International Importance.

"THAT FLAG WILL CHANGE ERE I RETURN"

This He Said as a Representative of the Conservative Busi-
ness Men of Havana, Pointing to the Spanish Emblem
on Moro Castle, as His Vessel Steamed Out.
He Was Met Here by the Prominent
Cubans Who Are Interested.

Antonio Govin, secretary of the autono-
mist party of Cuba and one of the most
prominent men on the island, arrived in
this city last night.

He was met at the depot by forty or
more of the prominent Cubans and es-
corted to No. 108 Trinity avenue, where he
will reside for some time. He is accom-
panied by his wife and sister.

When seen by an Evening Constitution
reporter this morning he said that he
could not speak English or understand it.
Dr. Pla, who is one of the prominent Cu-
ban refugees in this city, was talking to
Senator Govin at the time.

Dr. Pla said that the visit of Senator Govin
did not mean anything of a political na-
ture. "He has hardly mentioned why he
came to me." This was all that could be
got from either of the gentlemen.

The real reason that Senator Govin is in
the city is that he has been sufficiently
appreciated in Havana and he intends to
remain away until they miss him.

One of the prominent Cubans who has
had a lengthy conversation with Senor
Govin said that he would make Atlanta his
home for some time. "He is one of the
most important men in Cuba and General
Weyler is afraid of him," said the speaker.

"The autonomist party is very strong and
they have been leading toward the Cubans
of late and Senor Govin thought it best
to spend some time in this country."

This was all that could be learned from
the Cubans. They cannot understand what
you say when you speak of the stranger's
visit.

ARRIVES AT KEY WEST.

Secretary Govin Reaches the United
States, but Declines To
Talk.

Key West, Fla., March 12.

Special to The Evening Constitution.
Antonio Govin, secretary of the autono-
mist party of Cuba, left Havana on
Wednesday for Atlanta. When the Plant

steamer came to its dock in this city he
was met by an enthusiastic gathering of
Cubans, but his manner toward them was
reserved, though they understood perfect-
ly well his friendly position toward the
cause of Cuba. Officers of the ship stated
that, when going out of the harbor, Govin
pointed to the flag on Moro castle and
said:

"I will never go back until that flag is
changed and Cuba is free!"
The mission of Antonio Govin is of im-
mense importance to Cuba. On the island
there have been three parties; the one
composed of wealthy Spaniards and the
office holders, who were merely on the
island temporarily, and those who clung
to the court. This party was few in num-
ber and could be measured by the offices in
sight.

The second party, known as the autono-
mists, comprise the bone and sinew of the
agricultural and business element of the
island. They are the people who, up to
and even including the last revolution,
were in favor of Spanish colonization,
though they sought freedom from certain
restrictions of tariff duties. Since that
time they have grown immensely, but their
loyalty to Spain has never been for an
instant doubted.

They were proud of their Spanish heri-
tage, wished to preserve the tradition of
Spanish connection, and opposed to any-
thing like Anglo-Saxon innovation. With
all this, they were progressive, and were
the people upon Cuba had to rely. The
reformists comprised the third party, in
which were numbered the laboring people,
and those who generally take no pride
in the higher forms of society.

They were, in other words, revolutionists,
and might be revolutionists equally as
readily against a government of their own,
as against the government of Spain. But
for the purpose of covering their designs,
they had to organize under some name,
their fraternizing with the autonomists;
which rendered their existence possible and
though they were so far in advance of
them.

The late rebellion was really started by
the reformists. That the autonomists
have now come into line and acknowledged
that Spanish connection is no longer pos-
sible, and that Cuban freedom is a neces-
sity of the future, is a matter of the great-
est importance; for it breaks off the last
popular link that held Cuba to Spain.

The mission of Govin is, therefore,
which will satisfy the governing powers
of this country—as nothing else could sat-
isfy them—that the people of Cuba—mean-
ing its better classes—are anxious for an
end of the war, and for an end to
Spanish connection.



DR. W. GODFREY HUNTER.
Nominated by the Republicans of the Kentucky Legislature for
United States Senator.



MRS. ALICE LAURA LINGO-RANDALL,
Who Is Defendant in a Very Sensational Divorce Suit Filed Today.

FILBUSTER
FOR CUBA

The Steamer Gets Safely Away from
Miami, Fla., With a Big Load
of Arms and Ammunition.

IT CARRIES A TON OF DYNAMITE

Captain Lewis, Late of The Three
Friends, Is in Command of the
New Expedition.

SEVERAL AMERICANS ON BOARD

They Are on Their Way To Join the
Insurgent Army—Steamer's Name Is
Not Known, but the Rumor Is That
She Is Slow—Cubans Make a Daring
Raid on a Havana Suburb and Cap-
ture Spanish Soldiers, Spanish Arms
and Spanish Clothing.

Miami, Fla., March 13.
Special to The Evening Constitution.

A large Cuban expedition got off late
yesterday afternoon between here and
Cardiff's reef. Captain William Lewis is
in command of it.

A large quantity of arms and ammunition
and a ton or so of dynamite are on board.
So are several American volunteers for
the insurgent army.

The name of the steamer is not yet
known here. She is said to be slow, how-
ever, and not able to get away from a
gunboat if pursued.

Captain Lewis was in command of the
steamer Three Friends when that vessel
exchanged shots with the Spanish cruiser.
He is perfectly familiar with Cuban wa-
ters.

A RAID NEAR HAVANA.

The Insurgents Attack Spanish Store-
houses and Get Away with Good
Deal of Weyler's Property.

New York, March 13.—A Press special
from Jacksonville, Fla., says:

Cuban leader Acosta made a raid on the
suburbs of Havana within half a mile of
two block houses Wednesday night, cap-
turing thirty-five Spanish soldiers and two
officers. The attack was made on the turn-
pike or military road, and is called one of
the best fortified roadways on the island.

The point of attack was a little hamlet,
where there were two large storehouses
containing considerable ammunition and
also clothing for the Spanish forces. The
two block houses were located within half
a mile of the place. The Cubans dashed
in, looted the storehouses and then set fire
to them. They then retreated rapidly to
the right and came up in the rear of the
Isabella block house.

The troops in this, seeing the burning
buildings, rushed out, leaving only a small
guard behind. The insurgents perceiving
this, managed to break in the block house
door, and in ten minutes were in full pos-
session. Knowing they could not retain
them, they looted the building of all
equipment that would be valuable to
them, consisting of two stands of arms
and considerable ammunition.

They spiked the small field piece, and set-
ting fire to the house inside, dashed off
rapidly. The Spaniards pursued them for
half an hour, but came back two hours
later, and reported that the rebels could
not be found. The only report made in
Havana regarding this engagement was
that a force of rebels had been dispersed,
but the main facts are now known all over
town.

THE WEATHER.

Cloudy and unsettled weather prevails
this morning over nearly the entire map
from the Rockies to the Atlantic, with
snow at Huron, S. D., Omaha, Chicago and
Pittsburg, and rain at New Orleans. Pre-
cipitation has been general over the north-
ern half of the map, the Atlantic coast
the southeast and the central gulf coast.
The rains have been heaviest in this state
and Alabama, and as a result decided rises
are reported in the rivers in this and ad-
joining states.

The progress of the high that has been
in the northwest for the past two days has
been retarded by the development of a low
in the southwest which now covers the
states bordering on the gulf. It is central
this morning over Texas.

The high now covers the northern half
of the map from the Rockies to the At-
lantic, and its advance has caused a de-
cided fall in temperature over the states
east of the Mississippi and north from Ten-
nessee. In the extreme west the tem-
perature has risen slightly.

GENERAL WEATHER REPORT.

Daily report of the weather at selected
stations as shown by observations taken
at 8 a. m., March 13, 1897.

New York, clear.	30	30	28
Washington, clear.	30	34	00
Norfolk, cloudy.	32	44	44
Jacksonville, p. cly.	32	44	00
Atlanta, cloudy.	32	48	00
St. Louis, clear.	33	50	00
Montgomery, cloudy.	33	58	36
Vicksburg, cloudy.	33	58	36
New Orleans, rain.	33	58	36
Mobile, cloudy.	33	58	36
Galveston, cloudy.	33	58	36
Corpus Christi, cly.	33	58	36
San Antonio, p. cly.	33	58	36
San Diego, clear.	33	58	36
San Francisco, clear.	33	58	36
San Jose, clear.	33	58	36
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MAJ. THOMAS THE CONTEST ON THE DEPOT ALMOST OVER

He Gives The Evening Constitution a New View on the Important Subject.

HE SUGGESTS TWO STATIONS

Central, Southern and Atlanta and West Point Are Advised To Build If They Like.

THE OTHER ROADS WILL NOT MOVE

He Will Not Consent to a Depression of Tracks, for Such a Course Would Ruin Terminal Facilities—Mr. H. M. Comer Declines To Talk.

Two depots, or passenger stations, are a possibility for Atlanta in the near future.

Already the breach is widening between the railroads which enter this city and the possibility of a new depot which will only be used by three of the roads and the old depot remaining in charge of the three others does not appear to be an out of the way proposition.

As is known, Mayor Collier has called a meeting of all the railroad officials interested in the roads which center in Atlanta, to be held here on the 23d of the present month. This meeting is for the purpose of discussing plans relative to rearranging the terminal facilities of the railroads at this place. The scheme announced being to lower the tracks of the railroads in the center of the city so that the streets can pass over them.

In order to gain information from the heads of the railroads regarding this scheme before the meeting is held, The Evening Constitution has asked the officials for an expression as to the position of their roads on the proposed plan and with reference to a new union station for Atlanta.

A letter from Mr. H. M. Comer, president of the Central of Georgia Railway Company, says that he does not deem it proper to discuss the matter before the meeting. Major John W. Thomas, president of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railroad, lessee of the Western and Atlantic, is more communicative and speaks out on the subject as follows:

MAJOR THOMAS'S VIEWS.
I would state I think it would be advisable for the Southern, Western and the Atlanta and West Point railroads to unite in building a new depot; and for the Western and Atlantic, Seaboard Air-Line and the Georgia railroads to remain at the present location, which would leave only about twelve passenger trains per day to pass over Whitehall and Pryor streets, which would not seriously inconvenience traffic on those thoroughfares.

I do not think it would be to the interest of the Western and Atlantic railroad to abandon the present passenger station at Atlanta; nor do I believe this company, as lessee of the property, would have the right to consent to the depression of the tracks, which, in my opinion, would effectually ruin the terminal facilities of the Western and Atlantic railroad, which belongs to the state of Georgia.

DON'T WANT THEM LOWERED.
From the tone of this letter, it would seem that Major Thomas does not agree with the proposition to lower the tracks, and with his strenuous opposition to the movement it will be difficult to accomplish anything in this direction.

The plan which he suggests would be a good one, if it were not for the fact that the people of Atlanta wish to maintain a union depot where all the trains shall arrive and depart.

The Central, Southern and the Atlanta and West Point are all anxious for a new depot, but it would seem, from the tone of Major Thomas's letter, that the Western and Atlantic, the Georgia and the Seaboard Air-Line are loathe to give up the present site.

Major Thomas realizes that his company has an excellent location at the present time; other roads are paying rentals to his road as the center of the Western and Atlantic, and it would not be good policy to give a paying investment up simply for the purpose of getting into a new station.

The plan which Major Thomas suggests, however, would be a great improvement on the present condition of affairs—it would greatly decrease the danger at the Whitehall and Pryor street crossings and would give all the roads plenty of room.

Major Thomas will attend the meeting here next week and at that time, something definite may be decided upon.

LANIER IS IMPROVING.

His Physician Says Now That He Will Get Well—Perry Is Still Silent.

N. B. Lanier continues to improve. This morning he is even better than he was yesterday, when he took his new hold on life. Dr. Ramsey has changed his mind, and says he will never give up until the last spark of life has left the body of the wounded man.

It is wonderful how Lanier is living. A bullet from a 44-caliber Colt's revolver through both lungs is enough to kill the strongest man on earth, and how he has held up this long under it is wonderful.

There are members of the family who do not believe that Lanier will get well. They say that the wounds are such that they will kill any man.

Perry, the man who did the shooting, is still in jail at Decatur, and he keeps up that dogged silence and continues to smile. He is confident of being acquitted by a court and does not let the matter trouble him.

EXPLOSION'S TENTH VICTIM.

Fred Deely's Death Adds Another to List of Deaths Resulting from a Street Accident.

Midnight of March 15th Will See the Close of The Evening Constitution's Guessing Match.

A STORM OF BALLOTS FALLING

Every Minute and Second Has Been Named by the Sporting Prophets.

CORBETT HAS MORE GUESSES NOW

Interest in the Fight Increases and the Contest Is at Fever Heat—Ending Marked by a Greater Number of Guesses Than Ever.

The big fight is now almost here. All preparations have been made in Nevada, and now after the guessing and the betting has been done, people wait more impatiently than ever for the great event to take place.

Next to the actual decision, the announcement of the winner of The Evening Constitution prize is the chief event to look forward to, for the interest that is taken in this contest is remarkably great.

If the guesses showered in during the first days of the publication of the ballots, they are simply storming in now.

Guesses come from every possible direction; from Georgia, from out of it, from every city and town in the state and from a very great many not in it.

Everybody is voting now, from small boys to well known state officials; from school children to dignified instructors; from the governor's private secretary and the popular Dr. Hagan.

But it will soon be over now, the contest closes promptly at midnight March 15th, which is Monday.

TWO DAYS MORE FOR VOTING.
Only two more days are left for votes to be received, and as, with very few exceptions, every round way up into the thirties, and many beyond it, has been guessed, and as every minute and second of each and even in some cases the second divided, has been guessed perhaps many times over, later prophets had better be very careful about the remarks they make, and they should be sure to make them as full as possible, in order that it may be easy to choose between those who have the same guess in the matter of numbers.

Some very curious things are to be noticed in regard to the ballots received. Strange as it may seem, the one number that has been guessed more than any other is 13. This has been taken as the number of rounds by many who imagine the fight will be long, and over and over again it has been named as the number of seconds that will be over the even minutes of the last round.

At present, for almost the first time since the contest began, Corbett is slightly ahead of his opponent.

As to the number of rounds, one has guessed the high number of sixty-six, and only one, strange to say, believes the fight will have but a single round.

COURTS ARE IDLE TODAY.

Judge Lumpkin Spent the Morning Hearing Interesting Motions and Monday Will Be a Busy Day.

This morning brought a lull in the superior and city courts.

Monday morning the Kehely \$10,000 damage suit against the Consolidated will be resumed in the second division of the city court before Judge Berry. Argument will be begun and the case will go to the jury.

In the first division of the city court a mistrial was declared yesterday afternoon in the McThomas damage suit, which has been pending several days against the Southern railway. The jury announced that a verdict could not be reached and that body was excused with the thanks of the court.

Yesterday afternoon W. C. Pease, the house mover, placed on record two transfers of personal and realty interest. To his wife he gave personal property amounting to \$520, and to S. W. Herren an interest in city improved property in the sum of \$4,250. The transfers are on record in the clerk's office.

Mr. Isaac Haas has filed his report of the receivership of the American Upholstery Company. The report was filed in the superior court late yesterday afternoon.

Monday morning the damage suit filed by Mrs. P. H. McGowan against the Louisville and Nashville railroad for the loss of a wedding gown, which she says was burned in a wrecked baggage car while on her bridal trip, will be resumed. The case was reached and opened yesterday, but continued until Monday, when the hour of adjournment was reached.

SENT FREE TO MEN.
INDIANA MAN DISCOVERS A REMARKABLE REMEDY FOR LOST VIGOR.

Samples Will Be Sent Free to All Who Write For It.

James P. Johnston, of Ft. Wayne, Ind., after battling for years against the mental and physical suffering of lost manhood has found the exact remedy that cures the trouble.

He is guarding the secret carefully, but is willing to send a sample of the medicine to all men who suffer with any form of actual weakness resulting from youthful ignorance, premature loss of memory and strength, weak back, varicose veins and emaciation. The remedy has a peculiarly powerful effect of warmth and seems to act directly on the system, strengthening the muscles wherever needed. The remedy cures troubles that come from years of abuse of the naturally ordained functions and is said to be absolutely reliable in every case. A request to Mr. James P. Johnston, Box 100, Ft. Wayne, Ind., stating that you will be supplied with promptly and no charge whatever will be asked by him. He is very much interested in spreading the news of this great remedy and he is sending the sample securely sealed in a perfectly plain package, so that recipient need have no fear of embarrassment or publicity. Readers are requested to write without delay.

"REV. NUES" MAKE RAID

Found a Still in Active Operation in Paulding County and Arrest Three Men.

EXCITING CHASE IN THE WOODS

Four Revenue Officers in a Hack, Ran Down One of the Moonshiners, Who Was on a Mule.

SURRENDERS WITHOUT A FIGHT

Brought to Atlanta Yesterday Afternoon and Lodged in Jail—Will Be Tried Before Commissioner Broyles This Afternoon.

An exciting and successful raid was made by revenue officers in Paulding county yesterday and as a result Tyler Hart, George Guber and Will Bruce are lodged in Fulton county jail.

The prisoners were brought to the city yesterday. They will be arraigned before Commissioner Broyles this afternoon. All three will be held, as the still was in active operation at the time of the raid.

Hart is the son of a prominent farmer of Paulding county. George Guber claims to be a close relative of Judge Guber, of the Marietta circuit. Bruce is a farmer.

The story of the raid is most exciting. Deputy Marshals M. W. Scott, W. J. Duke, Deputy Collector Rembert and J. H. Lane made the raid. They left Villa Rica yesterday morning in a double hack and followed a guide chart through the woods.

When within about two miles of where the still was located Tyler Hart was met, riding a mule. As soon as he saw the hack he knew the "revenue" were in it. He immediately turned about and started for the hill at full speed, intent upon giving his friends warning.

The mules to the hack were put to full speed and it was a race as exciting as that of Ben Hur for over a mile. Hart dug into the sides of his mule until they bled. The backs of the two mules attached to the hack bearing the revenue officers were raw from the use of the whip.

Trees barred the way, as the path led through the woods and was only used by pedestrians. As one of the men in the raid said this morning, the way they dodged trees with their team and jumped logs was a caution.

Hart was overtaken and placed under arrest. He quietly submitted and accompanied the officers on their further search. In about half a mile of the place the team was stopped and the officers proceeded the rest of the way on foot. They soon divided, Scott and Rembert going in one direction and Lane and Captain Rembert in the other.

ORDER OF "HANDS UP."
Lane and Captain Guber were the lucky ones and came upon the still with Guber and Bruce at work. Captain Rembert stepped out of the bushes and hallooed, "Hands up." Both men saw that there was no chance, as an ugly revolver was in his hand.

He ordered them to get down on the ground. Guber sat down on the ground. Bruce stepped up to the officers and said they would go without any trouble. Captain Rembert fired his pistol twice and the other officers joined them.

The still, which was a forty-five gallon one, was destroyed, with the entire liquid contents. The men were piled into the hack and brought back to the station. They arrived in the city yesterday afternoon.

DEATH OF MRS. MURNER.

She Passed Away as the Result of Injuries Sustained Some Time Ago.

This morning at 4 o'clock Mrs. Nellie Murner died at her home on Fourth street.

Several years ago Mrs. Murner was injured in a wreck near Nashville, from which she never recovered, finally resulting in her death this morning.

She suffered a great deal before her death and frequently left the city with a view of regaining her health.

Mrs. Murner was the wife of Mr. Henry Murner, of this city, and they were originally old and respected residents of Smyrna.

She was a member of the Brethren Meeting house, on Marietta street, and always took an active part in Christian work.

The funeral services will be held at this church tomorrow at 1:30 o'clock, and from there the remains will be taken to Smyrna and laid to rest in the family burial grounds.

Mrs. Murner's remains will be sent from the undertaking establishment of H. M. Patterson to the church, and from there they will send the remains to Smyrna for burial.

THE GOURD ARBOR.



One of the most novel and attractive features of the Tennessee Centennial exposition will be the gourd arbor. The idea of having such an arbor is an original one, and it is expected to be one of the drawing cards.

The Centennial has many friends in Atlanta and throughout the state of Georgia, all of whom are working in its interests.

Mr. Charles E. Heston, general passenger agent of the Western and Atlantic railroad, is one of the most enthusiastic workers for the Centennial and he expects to take several large parties to Nashville during the continuance of the exposition.

BRIBERY IS THE CHARGE

Grand Jury Will Investigate the Sensational Charges Against Bradley and Herrington.

AFFIDAVITS HAVE BEEN MADE

Officers Say the Allegations Are Without Foundation and Have No Basis.

VERNER WITHHOLDS HIS HAND

"There's Nothing in the Charges," Say Herrington and Bradley—Affidavits Will Be Tendered Before the Jury as Evidence.

The charges of bribery which have been preferred against ex-County Officers Bradley and Herrington are to be investigated by the Fulton county grand jury at its next session.

When the investigation is made a number of affidavits will be presented to that body for its consideration. These affidavits will probably throw a new light upon the rupture which occurred several weeks ago in the county police department and resulted in its annihilation through the orders of the court.

Several months ago, it is said, Officers Bradley and Herrington went out to the works of the Georgia Stove and Range works, near Bellwood, and arrested an employee named Adams.

The officers stated to Adams that he was wanted on a very serious charge. They claimed the warrant was taken out at the instance of Mrs. Adams, the wife of the man arrested.

When Adams left the office it is said he was handcuffed, and he was begging the officers to allow him to make a bond, claiming his incarceration would disgrace him and cause him to lose his position with the stove works.

The sensational feature of the arrest, which The Evening Constitution gives exclusively to its readers this afternoon, is that Adams was liberated, so the friends of the man say, and when his case was reached in Judge Foute's justice court the case was dismissed.

RELEASED FOR \$25.
It is charged against the officers that they brought Adams back to the works of the Georgia Stove and Range works and that he was released upon the payment of \$25 in cash, which amount was raised and paid by his fellow workers in the shop.

The affidavits which are to be presented to the grand jury are said to be in the possession of ex-Chief Verner and are signed by the officers of the Georgia Stove and Range works.

"Well, I'll declare," said Officer Herrington this morning when a representative of The Evening Constitution told him of the charges which had been made against him and Officer Bradley. "There is nothing in the charge. The case was reached and regularly tried in Judge Foute's court and was dismissed. Colonel O'Brien was counsel for Mrs. Adams and Colonel Woolfe represented Adams."

"If there were any truth in the charges wouldn't we have demanded more than \$25, and wouldn't we have carried the case to trial? If the affidavits have been made I am anxious that the grand jury investigate the matter, for we will be vindicated."

WHAT MR. SEELE SAYS.
Mr. J. S. Seele, secretary of the Georgia Stove and Range works, stated that he had heard of the rumors about the settlement and had made the affidavits referred to. He said he knew nothing about the bribe further than the rumors he heard in the shop when his employees were discussing the situation.

Chief Verner could not be seen, but it is stated on good authority that he has the affidavits in his possession and that the grand jury will investigate the charges and see if the county officers have been guilty of accepting bribes and having criminal cases hushed up.

Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n.
recommends the use of the greatest of all tonics, "Malt-Nutrine," and guarantees the merits claimed for it. For sale by all druggists.

A Small Spot May be Cancer!

"It was merely a mole at first, and for a long time was so insignificant that I gave it no thought whatever."

These words of a recent correspondent contain an accurate description of the first symptoms of the most violent and destructive cancers as they appear in nine cases out of ten. A slight scab, a small sore, a lump in the breast—a mere spot, harmless as they appear for a time, have developed into cancers of the most dangerous and obstinate form.

Cancer is becoming so prevalent that such symptoms as the above, which refuse to heal and disappear under ordinary treatment, may well be regarded with suspicion.

Being a blood disease, it is folly to expect Cancer to be cured by a surgical operation. The knife never did and never will cure a blood disease, and every time it is resorted to, a life is threatened with sacrifice.

The only known cure for this dreadful disease is S. S. S. (Swift's Specific), as is shown by the indisputable testimony of the many whom it has cured.

Mr. A. H. Crausby, of 158 Kerr St., Memphis, Tenn., says that his wife paid no attention to a small lump which appeared in her breast, but it soon developed into a cancer of the worst type, and notwithstanding the treatment of the best physicians, it continued to spread and grow rapidly, eating two holes in her breast. The doctors soon pronounced her incurable. A celebrated New York specialist then treated her, but she continued to grow worse and when she had reached the last stage of the disease, she had taken seven bottles of S. S. S., and although several years have elapsed not a sign of the disease has ever returned.

Mr. William Walpole, of Walshtown, South Dakota, writes: "About three years ago, there came under my left eye a little blotch about the size of a small pea. It grew rapidly, and shooting pains ran in every direction. I became alarmed and consulted a good doctor, who pronounced it cancer, and said that it must be cut out. This I would not consent to, having little faith in the indiscriminate use of the knife. Reading of the many cures made by S. S. S., I determined to give that medicine a trial, and after I had taken it a few days, the cancer became irritated and began to discharge. This after awhile ceased, leaving a small scab, which finally dropped off, and only a healthy little scar remains to mark the place where the destroyer had held full sway."

For this dreadful disease is a real blood remedy—one purely vegetable, containing no potash, mercury, or other destructive mineral. S. S. S. is the only blood remedy which reaches obstinate, deep-seated blood diseases, and hence it is the only cure for Cancer. The disease can only be reached through the blood, and all local treatment, such as caustic plasters or a surgical operation, only adds to its tortures. Being often hereditary, Cancer, in some cases does not appear until middle life, and it is of greatest importance that its first symptoms be carefully watched and S. S. S. promptly taken. S. S. S. is purely vegetable, and is the only blood remedy guaranteed to contain no mineral or other drug; it is not a drug-shop preparation, but is made from the roots and herbs of the forest. We will mail our book on Cancer and Blood diseases to any address; Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Georgia.

The Only Hope

Swift's Specific.

SOLDIERS ON RACK

Members of the Atlanta Artillery Will Be Tried on the Charges Preferred.

IT IS A BREACH OF DISCIPLINE

As Was Forecast Exclusively in The Evening Constitution, the Inquiry Is Ordered.

THE TRIAL WILL BE A PUBLIC ONE

It Is Probable That Captain Kempton Will Also Be Tried and All Other Cases Which May Come Before the Courtmartial Under the Order as Issued.

As forecasted exclusively in The Evening Constitution on Wednesday and Thursday last, Governor Atkinson has ordered a court martial for the members of the Atlanta Artillery.

After the governor had issued his official order to Captain Oscar Brown yesterday afternoon, Captain Brown issued special order No. 25 calling the court martial for April 5, 1897.

The officers who will preside over the court martial are as follows:

Colonel A. R. Lawton, First infantry, Georgia volunteers.

Major Burke Shewmake, Sixth infantry, Georgia volunteers.

Major John W. Barnard, First infantry, Georgia volunteers.

Captain William A. Patton, Third infantry, Georgia volunteers.

Captain John F. Howard, Fifth infantry, Georgia volunteers.

Captain J. Stapleton Doster, First battalion of cavalry, Georgia volunteers.

Captain P. G. R. Bell, Second infantry, Georgia volunteers.

Colonel James W. Austin, Judge advocate, general judge advocate.

It will be held in the office of the adjutant general in the capitol building and the charges of insubordination against the thirty-eight men who joined in the petition asking Captain Kempton to resign will be taken up.

ABOUT THE COMPANY'S TROUBLE.
The full story of the trouble between Captain Kempton and his men has been frequently published and the public is familiar with them. As first stated exclusively in The Evening Constitution some days ago, the action of the members in asking the captain to resign without first making their complaint to the governor as commander in chief was a breach of military discipline which laid them liable to the charge of insubordination and insubordinate conduct in time of peace.

Had they done such a thing while the battery was in active service the consequences might have been far more serious to them. The court martial will be public so far as

CHARITY BALL OFF

The Movement To Give a Great Ball for Charity's Sake Seems To Have Fallen Through.

SAM JONES'S VISIT KILLS IT

Religious Wave Has Washed Germans, Danes, Swedes and the Like Into the Ocean of Oblivion.

MR. JONES ON THE PROPOSED BALL

He Says They Might Just as Well Start a "Church Saloon" as a "Charity Ball"—Mr. Jones Scores the Proposed Ball Society's Leaders Were Planning.

The proposed charity ball, which was to have been given for the benefit of the Grady hospital, off.

Just why it will not occur is not definitely known, although it is fact that the reason is the great wave of religious sentiment that is sweeping over the city like a tidal wave, washing out card parties, german and other society frivolities alike.

Those connected with the arrangements for the ball say that it will be given after Easter, but not for the first proposed charity ball but for the benefit of the women's department of the Nashville exposition. Others say that the opposition from the pulpit will declare it off indefinitely.

Rev. Sam Jones was asked what he thought of the scheme, as a means of raising money.

"When you couple the words 'charity ball' you have one of the sweetest in the world. But to associate charity with a ball—a thing so meaningless and frivolous—is another matter. There are legitimate ways of raising money for charitable purposes, but I do not think giving a ball is one of them."

NEW NAME FOR CHARITY BALL.
"When you connect the two ideas—charity ball—you might as well connect the words 'church saloon'! There's no difference. In New York there is a saloon called 'church saloon.' Just think of it."

There is but one straight way to God, and that is the right way, and balls and things of that sort are things off the straight road. You never see a man of broad philanthropy who endows an institution that lives on the proceeds of entertainments that are not strictly overlooked by God. He invariably selects an institution that is run on good sound religious principles. The women of Atlanta who engage in charity work would do well to go to Boston and study the methods of charity work from the women there. That city understands better than any other how to conduct and systematize such work."

"It is said that you intend to preach against the giving of the charity ball. Is it true?" he was asked.

"No, I had not intended it. I would not like to interfere with any charity work, but I do not think the best results come from money raised in that way. The money is that raised with God's approval."

ASHLEY'S REMAINS INTERRED

The Funeral of the Unfortunate Man Occurred at Perrin This Morning.

The remains of Sam Ashley, who was crushed to death under a switch engine yesterday, were laid to rest at the family burial ground at Perrin this morning.

Mrs. Ashley is grieved almost to death over the sad accident of yesterday.

The body was carried to Perrin this morning, and the ceremonies performed with honors from his tribe of the Red Men.

This is one of the saddest accidents in many a day. Mr. Ashley was very highly thought of by his neighbors, and his funeral was attended by a number of his friends and relatives.

The remains were sent to his home, and there the services were held, from the house the remains were carried to Perrin, and there the last honors to the dead were performed.



WHAT IT COSTS
BY THE WEEK.
Delivered to residences - 10 cents
BY THE YEAR.
By Mail, postage prepaid - \$4.00

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS!
Where The Evening Constitution is delivered by carrier collections will be made by them BY THE WEEK. Where The Evening Constitution is delivered by mail, cash in advance is required, at the rate of \$4.00 per year, \$2.00 for six months, \$1.00 for three months, or 40 cents per month.

PERSONS
Leaving the city for a week or longer can have The Evening Constitution mailed to any address in the United States for 10 cents per week. Don't fail to do it. It will be as good as a letter from home every day, except Sunday.

Nichols & Holliday, Constitution Building, Advertising Managers for advertising outside of Atlanta.
ATLANTA, GA., March 13, 1897.

MANUFACTURING IN THE SOUTH.
During the past year many factories closed or curtailed production in New England, but the southern mills kept open, running on full time.

It is now a settled fact that the mills which are nearest to the raw material stand the best chance of manufacturing and selling their goods at a living profit. They need not be afraid of competitors who are not so favorably situated.

The question of protecting our long staple cotton growers is an important one, and if we are to have protection we are in favor of giving our farmers a share of its benefits.

The Egyptian cotton product threatens both our short and long staples. The foreign long staple undercuts our home product and the importations increase every year.

This is the situation, and the southern cotton growers who demand protection are entitled to be heard. It is no time to discuss the general policy of protection. We confront a condition and not a theory, and we must adjust our business in accordance with our limitations.

AN UNEXPECTED TURN.
The big New York meeting, called to settle the arbitration treaty with England was a surprise.

It was understood that a few perfunctory speeches would be made, and that a resolution would then be passed endorsing the treaty.

Everything was going along smoothly until an orator made a ringing speech against England as the robber nation. He showed the treachery of that country in the past, and took the position that this country should engage in no entangling alliances.

The vast audience sided with the eloquent speaker, but the chairman of the meeting ignored his sentiment, and declared the resolutions in favor of the treaty adopted.

But New York is undoubtedly anti-British.

GIVE HIM A REST.
Thank the Lord, the demagogue will now take a rest for the next four years!

The defeat of the democratic party was a misfortune, but it is not final. The party will reorganize and get ready for victory next time.

For the present the demagogue who has been howling up and down the land about the French revolution and its probable repetition in this country is out of a job.

The common people cannot give their whole time to politics. They have their work and business to look after, and they will now send the demagogue to a back seat until they are ready for a diversion four years hence.

It is time for the demagogue to go to work.

THE CONVICT QUESTION.
Governor Atkinson will put inertia upon good advantage when he takes his proposed trip through the states studying the convict problem.

Georgia has been grossly misrepresented in this matter, but it must be admitted that her system is very defective and has been grossly abused.

A state which spends so much money on public education should be willing to go to some expense in order to secure a satisfactory convict system. We have been in the rear of the procession long enough, and it is time for us to get in line with the more advanced states.

THE GRADE CROSSING.
Shall we lower the railway tracks in the center of the city or move the union depot?

This is a hard problem to solve, but something must be done. The present depot is inadequate, and the railway crossings on our main streets are a nuisance.

It is to be hoped that the matter will be settled at the appropriate conference of the railway managers, but there are many difficulties in the way.

One thing is certain—Atlanta cannot much longer submit to these inconveniences. There must be a change very soon.

EDUCATED BY NEWSPAPERS.
The people of this country read and support as many newspapers as England, France and Germany combined.

This is the explanation of the superior intelligence of our people. The average citizen who learns how to read and write can become an educated man if he will.

matter that ordinary people have any use for.
Books are good things, but the up-to-date newspaper is worth more as an educational factor.

The following is a fair sample of our society poetry:
There was a young lady from Joppe,
Who came a society "cropper."
For she went to Japan,
With a young married man,
And the rest of the story's improper.

Prosperity does not depend upon any one man in this country.

Mrs. Ralph Vivian, formerly Mrs. Marshall O. Roberts, is getting up a subscription among the Americans in London for a public gift to the queen.

It is said that electric matches will soon take the place of phosphorus splints.

It is said that Sam Jones, at one of his meetings, called on all the men who had never said an unkind word about their wives to stand up. Two men responded. Then the evangelist asked all the women who had never spoken unkindly to their husbands to rise. Six stood. "Sit down!" shouted Jones. "Now I want the congregation to pray for the liars!"

A newspaper calls Gladstone the John J. Ingalls of England. The funny man who have their jokes, and they spare nobody.

If bachelors are to be taxed, the fellow who cannot get a girl to take him should be pensioned.

Oscar Wilde is about to be pardoned. He is the very man for the new school of journalism.

Two Chinamen recently lost their heads in China for being political agitators. If we tried that in this country, one-fifth of our population would be headless.

Mr. Cleveland used bigger words in his state papers than Mr. McKinley uses.

The United States fish commission is investigating the subject of frog farming. If you desire to raise frogs for market the commission will give you full instructions. But you will have to find the market.

Work has commenced on a monument to Francis Scott Key, the author of the "Star Spangled Banner." It will be erected at Frederick, Md.

Chicago aldermen intimate that they cannot be expected to be honest on salaries of less than \$3,000 a year.

Now, Mr. McKinley, open your prosperity box. The country is waiting.

STRANGE STORY OF A SICK MAN.
Some time in last December a Georgian named Henry Carter drifted to Key West in search of employment.

The stranger had no money and no friends in the place, and he spent his time roaming the streets. At night he slept outdoors or in any convenient hallway.

One night, while walking on a back street, he felt a heavy blow on the back of his head and he fell to the ground unconscious.

When Carter regained his senses he was with a crowd of men on a little vessel.

His companions were Cubans and he learned from their talk that they were on their way to Cuba to join the insurgents.

To his surprise he found that he was one of the recruits. He could not remember joining them, but the captain and several men told him that he had volunteered and had begged permission to accompany the expedition.

The poor fellow rubbed his aching head and wondered how he could have been so foolish, but he could not dispute the testimony of so many witnesses.

He was full of wrath and knew that he had not fully recovered from the blow which had disabled him.

He tried to recollect the date of his misfortune, but in his dazed condition he could only guess at it.

The assault might have occurred a week before, or it might have been a month. Possibly in the meantime he had fallen in with the Cubans.

The vessel landed the filibusters on the island one dark night and Carter was sent to join the forces of Gomez.

Weeks rolled by and the Georgian had a hazy consciousness of fighting half the time and starving the other half.

He felt a feverish, unsteady strength and in several hand-to-hand conflicts he killed a number of Spaniards.

His comrades called him "the crazy American," and he resented at times that his mind was unbalanced.

Still he did his duty as a soldier when he was able, but sometimes everything was a blank to him for days.

When he recovered from these spells he was told that, while his conduct had been peculiar, he had marched and fought as usual.

A longing to return home took possession of him, but this was apparently out of the question.

OUR PRIZE SYMPOSIAC FOR HOME CIRCLES.

A Weekly Conference of Philosophers at Which Fragrant Morsels of Thought Will Be Daintily Served, and to Which All Readers of The Evening Constitution Are Cordially Invited.

In answer to several scores of inquiries on the subject, the symposiac judges once more announce that in the awarding of prizes out-of-town readers are given as accurate an allowance for the difference in mail facilities as frail humanity is capable of. We take into consideration everything that would tend to make the award absolutely fair, and the fact that most of the prizes go outside of Atlanta is the best evidence that the cities and towns both in Georgia and in other states are not being neglected. In reply to inquiries from several postmasters, we are glad to say that we will accept their endorsement as to the time replies are mailed whenever sufficient time elapses between the mailing of the letter and the mailing of the postmark to make that worth while. The word of a Georgia postmaster will never be questioned either in The Constitution office or elsewhere, and the judges are much indebted to them already for the kindly and helpful interest they have taken in the symposiac.

The series of questions last week were tremendously popular, and mail carriers have had heavy burdens to carry in the direction of The Constitution building. The Lyman Hall was governor of Georgia, in 1783, as his history should show. The correct answers to the "Nicknames of Cities" are as follows:

- ANSWERS:
1. "City of Churches." Brooklyn.
 2. "Mound City." St. Louis.
 3. "Iron City." Pittsburgh.
 4. "Gotham." New York.
 5. "Porkopolis." Cincinnati.
 6. "The Monumental City." Baltimore.
 7. "The Hub." Boston.
 8. "The Windy City." Chicago.
 9. "City of Magnificent Distances." Washington.
 10. "Railroad City." Indianapolis.

THE PRIZE WINNERS.

Atlanta wins the first prize this time and also one of the others, while four others are distributed among Georgia people in other parts of the state. Several hundred replies were received this week on which special delivery stamps were placed, and while the judges have no control over this matter, they would strongly urge the discontinuing of the practice. It rarely hastens the affixing of a postmark, and in the aggregate forms so large an expense account against our band of brainy followers that it appals us. The six prize winners this week are:

- First prize of five dollars:
(1) W. P. Wolf, 44 Highland avenue, Atlanta, Ga.
Five prizes of one dollar each:
(2) George D. Anderson, Marietta, Ga.
(3) Miss Marianne Nelson, Agnes Scott Institute, Decatur, Ga.
(4) W. J. Daniel, Jr., care Savings Bank of Griffin, Griffin, Ga.
(5) Miss Jennie Armstrong, 436 Crew street, Atlanta, Ga.
(6) Miss Lelia Rhodes, Social Circle, Ga.

SYMPOSIAC NO. 8.

So many requests have been received for another contest on the line of last week's that we have selected a list of nicknames applied to citizens to follow those which are applied to cities. They will refer to the people of the different states and all are names which are or ought to be familiar to you.

A number of correct answers—some of which might have won prizes if sent by mail—were last week delivered at the office of The Evening Constitution by messenger, and we are compelled to emphasize the announcement that no replies will be considered unless sent by mail and received before midnight on Wednesday. This is done in simple justice to all competitors and to give the judges ample time to reach a just verdict.

NICKNAMES OF CITIZENS.

The following are nicknames of the residents of what states in the United States?

1. "Blue Hen's Chickens." Delaware.
2. "Knickerbockers." New York.
3. "Hoosiers." Indiana.
4. "Granite Boys." Massachusetts.
5. "Tarheels." North Carolina.
6. "Green Mountain Boys." Vermont.
7. "Hawkeyes." Iowa.
8. "Buckeyes." Ohio.
9. "Badgers." Wisconsin.
10. "Wolverines." Michigan.

We must emphasize that unless answers are addressed as directed, to Prize Symposiac, they will not be considered. Answers must be written on the following coupon cut from Saturday's Evening Constitution—the answers to the several questions in the space indicated by the corresponding numbers:

REPLIES:

- Symposiac of March 13th.
1.
 2.
 3.
 4.
 5.
 6.
 7.
 8.
 9.
 10.

SENDER'S NAME:

ADDRESS:

A PRIZE OF FIVE DOLLARS.

Will be awarded to the first correct list, and a \$1 prize to each of the next five correct lists.

SATURDAY'S EVENING CONSTITUTION.

Should no list received contain correct answers to all ten questions, then the prize will be awarded to the first list received containing correct answers to most questions. The \$10 will thus be distributed among those whose replies are the most creditable each week. Out-of-town readers will be given equal privileges with those residing in Atlanta, in spite of the difference of mail facilities. The judges in making their weekly awards will take into consideration the time indicated on the postmark of letters, containing replies from outside the city limits.

PRIZE SYMPOSIAC, EVENING CONSTITUTION, ATLANTA.

GEORGIA PRESS PERSONALS.

Editor L. M. Harris, of The Columbus Call, spent the day in the city yesterday, returning to Columbus this morning. He dropped in on The Evening Constitution for a chat, during which he paid The Evening Constitution some appreciated compliments. He did a very successful day's business for his own bright paper, which is one of the newest afternoon papers in the state.

In a private letter to a member of the staff of The Evening Constitution Editor John W. Cain, of The Summerville News, has some very kind things to say of the paper. "It is the model afternoon paper of the south," is the closing remark in his appreciated letter.

Editor F. T. McCutcheon, of The Franklin News and Banner, has just returned from Washington, where he has been occupying the position of private secretary to Congressman Moore. He looks very much like a man who has been in the city.

Editor McCutcheon is at the helm again and The Franklin News and Banner looks like the old time.

Constitutional Amendments.

ON THE MOVE.

As I went out for a walk last night I met with a most unusual sight. There was a man walking out of Piedmont park. There being few lights it was terribly dark. But all of a sudden what should I see? But a queer creature making direct for me. He carried a lantern as red as blood and his feet made forked tracks in the mud.

His face it was rather inclined to blot and he had long horns sprouting like a ram's goat. The look in his eyes boded evil and harm. And he carried a pitchfork under his arm. His fingers looked like a pair of steel rakes and his hair it stood up like a bundle of snakes. His jacket was red and his bloomers were blue. With a hole in the rear where his tail came through!

I saw he was frightened and as he drew nigher he blew from his nostrils a hatful of fire. Just then he spied me and came to a pause. And stood there scraping the mud from his claws.

"Young man," quoth he, "twixt a sigh and a sob, 'I'm a friendless creature and out of a job. It is always the same with a fellow that's down, Can you tell me the way to Boston town?"

"Sam Jones has called me a fool to my face And kicked and cuffed me out of my place. So back to the City of Beans I must fare. For I own some suburban property there. I own a valuable brimstone mine. Just half a mile from the corporate line. But I must move on to escape with whole bones From the wrath of that terrible fellow, Sam Jones!"

Montgomery M. Folsom.

WELL DONE, PRESIDENT McHARG.

Mrs. R. T. Nesbitt, president of the Memorial Association of Marietta, has been engaged in a very laudable work. She and her associates are trying to get up a fund to place headstones above the last resting place of 300 brave Confederate soldiers who lie buried there. Recently she applied to President McHarg, of the Atlanta, Knoxville and Northern Railroad Company, to get transportation for the headstones to the point of destination from the quarries. Mr. McHarg replied that he could not give them transportation because he was acting as the representative of the stockholders, but here is what he wrote:

"My Dear Madam—I am very glad, after the hesitation you had in writing me, that you did so, and have given me the opportunity to contribute. I send you the enclosed check for \$100 for your fund, which I honestly give me great pleasure to do." Confessing from a northern man such an act of voluntary generosity as that should not go unrecorded. I mean no invidious distinction by the remark that it comes from a northern man, because there are plenty of men who are from north of the legendary Mason and Dixon's line who are equally as generous.

Every true man is ready to applaud patriotism in friend or foe. It is a principle, and no matter on which side it is displayed, it appeals to all the nobility in our natures. I have come to the conclusion that a man can be a yankee and still be a nice sort of a fellow. During a short season spent with Dr. Headen on Lookout mountain, at Cloudland springs of blessed memory, last year, I was content to remark to him after he had told me one of the most incredible fish stories that I had ever heard and which I trimmed up a little and sold to a northern paper for six, that I was convinced that a man could be a yankee and still be a right good sort of a fellow. I am that way about yankees now.

The undertaking in which those golden-hearted women of Marietta are engaged beats all the woman's suffrage schemes and the discussions of women's club topics that have ever been set on foot. Those headstones will stand as living testimonials to the loyalty and patriotic devotion of those women as imperishable as the rock-written records of grim old Kennesaw, long after the fads and the faddists have passed into oblivion along with their vain and useless and when the women of the north and the women of the south meet in sacred emulation around the graves where their heroes lie buried those of either section can point with modest pride to the fact that those who fought and fell are absent but unforgotten.

If I had my way there would not be left a grave unmarked where a soldier of that war is sleeping unless it were the ignoble mound where a deserter or a traitor had been laid whose kindest fate would be that the work of oblivion might be hastened until none in all the world could recall that he had ever lived as a reproach upon his country. I was not a soldier. I was mad enough to fight, but I was too young and too small. I have grown older, but not much larger, since that period, but my heart is big enough to contain a feeling of pride for each and every one of those old gray jackets who disputed Sherman's way, inch by inch, as he marched through Georgia.

It was no longer a question of states' rights or political palaver with those old fellows then. It was for God and home and native land that they marched barefooted over the frozen hills of Tennessee and ragged and half-starved stood in the trenches or laid themselves down on the bare ground to snatch a few moments' rest before falling into line at the approach of the ever-advancing legions. The world never witnessed a more heroic pageant than that stubborn retreat. Invincible and indefatigable the iron hail but struck sparks from their iron hearts.

I am glad that Mr. McHarg has an opportunity of displaying his fine sense of appreciation by that act of generosity. He had nothing to make by doing such a noble deed and nothing to lose by refraining from it. For that reason I admire him still more. It is true, men and it is hard to deny an appeal from these noble-hearted southern women whose souls have not yet been perverted from woman's highest duty. They arouse all the chivalry in the natures of men and they command, as they deserve, the respect and admiration of all upon whom their splendid industry is exerted.

A SINGULAR LAW.

The Indiana legislature has just passed a law giving Indianapolis the benefit of street car fares.

There are street car companies in other cities in the state, but they are not touched.

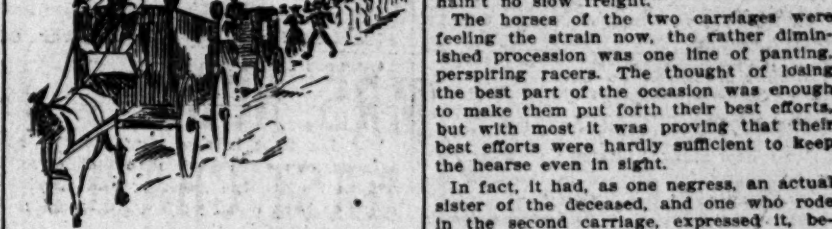
The people of other cities wait 3-cent fares, but they will have to wait.

The single city of Indianapolis is selected as the beneficiary of cheaper fares, and the burden falls upon its street car companies.

A SOLEMN FUNERAL THAT BECAME A HORSE RACE.

The humors of a certain funeral which occurred near town recently were due to an over-demand made on a hearse belonging to a negro undertaker and which did service twice in an afternoon. From the circumstances that surrounded the case and considering the distance that on each occasion separated the former and latter home of the deceased, it can easily be understood the conveying of the earthly remains of the respective late citizens must have been done with a haste that was, according to the usual standards that are supposed to be compatible with funeral dignity, rather unusual.

The incidents in this case make it especially sad. All the elements necessary



AN IMPOSING LINE.

to a most excellent funeral were present; all the surroundings were conducive to a memorable occasion; the preliminaries were all that one could desire; the chances, in short, for a most worthy and heart-rending scene at the grave were favorable, and it is generally believed, as it is said in a parting honor to the dead, that no one has expressed a doubt of such a scene taking place, if only the necessary actors had been present. Why they were not is to be told.

It should first be said that not only was the deceased a most eminent colored resident before he had attained his present interesting condition, but it was also true that there had been in the neighborhood in which he had lived a great lack of ceremonial events, and his death, with all the possibilities of resplendent obsequies, came to the colored settlement like a new sensation to a sufferer from ennui.

Everyone felt that the late member of the community had bestowed a public favor by his timely decease. With the condolence to his weeping widow was also extended the thanks of his friends for so generously giving up her husband to relieve the mortuary.

All prepared for the day of the funeral, and when it came a general holiday was taken, and numberless households in town were left without cooks and housegirls.

Carefully prepared statistics it has been found that the late lamented had over 100 different claimed sisters and almost 200 acknowledged, for this occasion at least, brothers. And those who by reason of a lack of employment needed no relationship to bring them to the scene made up the other portion of the crowd that was on hand.

To pass over briefly that part of the affair that was not unusual, it is enough to say that the services at the house were all that could be desired.

The officiating minister was warmed up to a sufficient pitch to make the people properly effervescent and overflow; the widow was in a correct frame of mind; the numerous relatives gave all the outward and visible signs of their relationship; everything, in fact, was in perfect accord with the highest standards that are known for such occasions.

But when this part of the programme was complete and the procession to the grave was commenced the first signs of failure began to make their appearance.

And the failure, like the breaking up of many greater occasions than even this, was due to the acts of one man. He was the owner and driver of the hearse and had been engaged for this funeral at 2 o'clock and for another at 4 o'clock that same afternoon.

It is perhaps needless to say that a very small portion of the crowd that attended the services at the house were provided,

rapid retreat home when it was passed by the widow's carriage. The latter proceeded slowly. No others were within sight at the funeral and there alone with a single relative the final act of the funeral that was such a glittering promise at the beginning finished in ignominious failure.

The great event of the season through the action of a single man was ruined. The entertainment of hundreds of people ruthlessly destroyed by the committing of an unwarrantable act of thoughtlessness. Nor was greater regret felt from the fact that interested and claimed the attendance of a whole community, was reduced to a miserably quiet interment.

Never, can it be safely said, was greater disappointment felt by that community, even considering the time when the absence of a prospective bride-groom prevented the season's most talked-of wedding. Nor was greater regret felt against one man by any community than was created against that hearse-driver.

Indeed it is more than probable, as his horses retraced their steps, that he would have been roughly dealt with if the exhausted condition of the would-be mourners had not prevented.

HEARD AT THE HOTELS.

the company in Atlanta.

Zeb Vance Walker, of North Carolina, is at the Kimball today. Mr. Babcock's his name after the famous North Carolina statesman.

L. W. Babcock, of Dalton, arrived in the city this morning. Mr. Babcock is a well known business man of Dalton.

Mr. E. T. Peterson, of St. Louis, is at the Kimball today, and will remain in Atlanta over Sunday. Mr. Peterson represents the Brown Shoe Company.

Colonel James W. Robertson reached the city last night and is among the prominent guests at the Kimball house.

James P. Scott, of Richmond, Va., is registered at the Kimball. Mr. Scott is one of the best known men in the Old Dominion.

E. Fairleigh Cunningham, a prominent young lawyer of Savannah, is at the Aragon for a few days.

W. L. Waller, of Virginia, is registered at the Aragon today.

Mr. William H. Blackford, president of the Maryland Life Insurance Company, is numbered among the prominent guests at the Aragon hotel. Mr. Blackford is south on a combined business and pleasure trip.

Mr. H. C. Ambrose, of New York, is at the Aragon today. Mr. Ambrose is a prominent resident of the metropolis.

Mr. Harry Young has returned to the city from a successful trip through North Carolina and Virginia and will visit Louisville next week.

George P. Dure, of Richmond, Va., is numbered among the guests at the Marion hotel today.

W. H. Harrison, of Brunswick, is at the Marion. Mr. Harrison is a prominent citizen of South Georgia.

A. M. Young and his two charming daughters, Miss Young and Miss Elizabeth Young, of Waterbury, Conn., are spending a few days at the Aragon. Mr. Young is one of the most prominent men in Connecticut.

Dr. W. A. Candler, president of Emory college, spent the day in Atlanta yesterday.

Rev. J. M. Buckley and wife, of New York, are at the Aragon. Dr. Buckley is a noted divine of the East.

William P. McFlemy of Danbury, Conn., is at the Aragon for a few days, a guest of the Aragon.

A. T. Haas, of Cincinnati, is well known throughout the city. He is at the Aragon.

"They say Mr. Eighty-four won the prize for the best intellect and best conduct in the city last night. He comes to look after business of the city."

— ALLS BROS.

THE RACE BEGINS.

SAM JONES THIS MORN

He Speaks of the Innocent Suffering for Those Who Are Guilty.

MOTHERS AND THEIR SONS

Says Wayward Boys Ought Not To Make Loved Ones Suffer; It Makes Them Anxious.

MANY SOCIETY PEOPLE PRESENT

The Inclement Weather Did Not Deter the Ladies from Turning Out To Hear the Evangelist—He Gives Out Some Wholesome Doctrines—Some of His Advice.

SERVICES TOMORROW.

The services at the tabernacle tomorrow will be as follows: At 10:30 in the morning. Special services for railroad men and their families at 3:30 p. m. At 7:30 in the evening.

This morning a big crowd flocked to the tabernacle to hear the sermon of Rev. Sam Jones.

Though the weather was damp and threatening, yet the usual large audience greeted the famous evangelist when he commenced to enquire them for their multitude of daily sins.

There were fully twenty-five hundred men, women and children present.

A great many of Atlanta's society people were present—more than at any previous service, and seemed to enter into the spirit of the meeting.

Professor Excell led the music there would swell a mighty chorus which resounded for blocks around.

The congregation seemed more enthusiastic than usual, and sang with a greater determination.

When Sam Jones took the stand all eyes turned upon him. It was quite evident that there were a number of strangers out this morning, all of whom were eager to get a glimpse of Sam Jones.

The congregation rose and joined Mr. Bond in prayer.

Mr. Jones then said:

"Now, brethren, I think we are getting along very all right toward the payment of the debt on this building. I'm afraid that at the lick we are hitting we will come out in debt at the end of this meeting."

The usher passed around the contribution box and a good amount was raised.

Mr. Jones began his discourse by saying: "I want to preach on a peculiar text this morning. It is: 'I take pleasure in affliction, persecution and loss.'"

"I use that because in that St. Paul meant to say: 'Whatever will help me to heaven, to make me a good man, I welcome it. What he meant to say was: 'I take pleasure in affliction, persecution and loss.'"

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A CARTOON DESIGNED BY SAM JONES.



The Evangelist's Famous Chain To Hell.

MRS. NOBLES' LAST CHANCE

The Case To Be Carried to the United States Supreme Court a Second Time.

FIGHTING FOR HER RIGHTS

Her Attorneys Are Determined That She Shall Have the Benefit of the Law.

HOW IT WILL BE CARRIED UP

The Application To Be Passed Upon by the Chief Justice of the State Supreme Court or One of the Associate Justices of the Federal Supreme Court.

Mrs. Nobles will live to see the apple blossom unless she is carried off by accident or disease.

And so will Gus Fambles.

Fambles is the most important witness in the case against the unfortunate old woman, and as long as her case is pending in the courts he will be reprieved.

The case against Mrs. Nobles will be appealed to the supreme court of the United States immediately.

Mr. Marion Harris is at work getting the papers ready for the application for an appeal now and they will be sent up as soon as ready.

The appeal will be made directly to the supreme court from the supreme court of Georgia and the application may be granted either by the chief justice of the state supreme court or any justice of the federal supreme court.

Under a strict construction of the law it might be granted by any justice of the Georgia supreme court, but the rule of practice in that court has been established allowing the chief justice to act in such cases.

This will be the second time the case has been appealed to the supreme court of the United States.

The case was first tried before Judge Smith in Twigg's superior court and counsel was appointed by the court for the defense. The result of that trial was the finding of a verdict of guilty and Mrs. Nobles was sentenced to be hanged.

Miss Eleanor Beck and Miss Ellen Dorch interested themselves in the case and induced Glenn and Rountree and Marion Harris to undertake the defense of the old woman.

The prisoner had been placed in the custody of the sheriff of Bibb county and the counsel for the defense asked the ordinary of Bibb county to call a court of inquiry and to examine the prisoner as to her sanity. The ordinary refused. Judge Felton was then asked for a mandamus to compel the ordinary to call the court of inquiry. He refused the appeal.

The case was then taken to the supreme court of Georgia. But in the meantime Judge Spear, of the United States circuit court, had been asked for a writ of habeas corpus, which he granted, but on a hearing of the case remanded the old woman to the sheriff of Bibb county.

An appeal was then taken to the United States supreme court, but when the state supreme court decided against the defendant in the mandamus case, the case in the federal supreme court was dismissed.

The supreme court of Georgia, decided that the ordinary of Bibb county had no jurisdiction in the case, but the ordinary of Bibb county was the competent authority to conduct the proceedings of inquiry into the sanity of the prisoner.

Defendant's attorneys then asked Judge Smith to summon a jury and to inquire into her condition. He refused and the case was taken to the supreme court of Georgia again. The decision yesterday sustained Judge Smith, and now the last recourse is an appeal to the supreme court of the United States from the state supreme court.

The attorneys will ask that the judge of the Twigg's county superior court summon a jury and conduct an inquiry into the mental condition of Mrs. M. E. Nobles.

This hearing will be similar to the recent trial of Flanagan, with the difference that he was placed on trial as to his sanity before he was tried for the crime with which he is charged, while Mrs. Nobles was first tried for the crime and now an effort is being made for a trial as to her sanity.

Under ordinary procedure the case would not be reached in the United States supreme court in about three years.

But it is supposed that the attorney general will advance the case on the docket and the argument will be heard as soon as it can be reached by the court which will probably be within the next few months.

JONES ON THE FIGHT

The Evangelist Gives His Opinion on the Corbett-Fitzsimmons Fight Out in Nevada.

HOT SHOT FOR THE PRIZE RING

He Loads a Special Gun at the Request of The Evening Constitution and Fires It Off.

FEARFUL ABOUT BRUFFEY'S LIFE

He Says He Wouldn't Raise a Dog in the State of Nevada—Names the Different Kinds of Fights in the Order of Their Respectability—Wants the Prize-Fight Enthusiasts To Take a Back Seat in His Meetings.

Sam Jones has turned one of his guns against the prize fight which is to take place in Carson City, Nev. next Wednesday. This gun was loaded at the special request of The Evening Constitution and fired off to a reporter this morning.

"What do you think of the Fitzsimmons-Corbett prize fight, Mr. Jones?" he was asked.

"Well," said the evangelist as he tilted back his chair, "there are different kinds of fights. There are dog fights, cock fights, bull fights and last, prize fights. I have named them in the order of their respectability and decency."

"The breed of the animal determines the method of his fighting and the extent of his belligerence. A man shows something of his breeding by the interest he takes in a fight like the Fitzsimmons-Corbett n. l. I believe that's what they call it. I regard 'Nancy Hank's' as a higher order of being than a prize fighter. It is a thing of beauty to see Nancy Hank's move. Any two old mules can get into a four-acre lot and play Cow-Itt and Fitzsimmons and kick all the fur off each other for all they are worth."

WILL INSPECT HIS PEDIGREE.

"When I become totally absorbed in prize fighting I will go hunting up my pedigree to see if there is after all anything in evolution."

"I sometimes feel ashamed of the race to which I belong when I see men and women absorbed and wild over a prize fight."

"If I had a dog kennel in Nevada I'd move it into a more respectable state than one that tips its hat and invites a prize fight into its midst. I have some choice where I raise my dogs and the moral atmosphere they are in."

"If anybody in Atlanta is fully absorbed in the coming prize fight I want them to take a back seat in my meetings, or use a powerful disinfectant before he comes into the tabernacle."

FEARFUL ABOUT BRUFFEY.

"Poor Bruffey, I wonder if he will come back alive. If he does it will be another proof of the immortality of men."

"Now, Mr. Jones," he was asked, "who do you think will win the fight, Corbett or Fitzsimmons?"

This was met with a hearty laugh as he replied:

"That's a pretty question to ask me after the opinion I have expressed. I have no more interest in that fight than I have in the present location of the dog star."

SCHOOL OF OPTICS.

The list of graduates from Kellam & Moore's School of Optics includes jewelers, druggists, regular practicing physicians and men from all walks of life. This school offers a rare opportunity to young men who are desirous to begin their life-work. Call on or address Kellam & Moore, 30 Marietta street, Atlanta.

At Taylor's.

Ladies' house wrappers at 30c. Ladies' separate skirts at 75c. Men's white, unbuttoned shirts, set in linen bosoms, made of New York mills muslin, double lined seams, re-enforced back and front, continuous facings, full gussets, the best on earth for 50c each.

SALE OF REMNANTS MONDAY.

We will offer all our short length dress goods Monday at greatly reduced prices.

At Taylor's,

340 Marietta St.

HAD A JAG IN MEETING

A Sensational Incident at the Sam Jones Revival in the Tabernacle Last Night.

IT STIRS UP SAM JONES' BLOOD

The Drunken Man Is Treated Kindly and He Shows Up Again as a Penitent.

MR. JONES'S SERMON LAST NIGHT

Preached One of His Deep, Thoughtful Sermons with the Runny Business, Left Out—But the Man with a Jag Turned Tide of His Thoughts for Little While and He Gave Liquor "One Good Kick."

"Will a policeman please come up and take this brother to a rooming house?"

It was Sam Jones speaking, and he had paused to make the utterance in the midst of one of his deep and profound sermons. Of course it produced a mild sensation.

The evangelist was preaching at the tabernacle last night to a large audience in spite of the very inclement weather. He was in one of his moods when the funny business was to be laid aside for a thoughtful discourse. He had hardly got well under way when a man sitting near the front was noticed to be talking and otherwise misbehaving.

The obnoxious member of the congregation was drunk.

The incident was an interesting one. Here was the great evangelist, whose chief work is to fight the saloons and whiskey, preaching to a great crowd and in the very midst of it he is confronted with one of the "barroom signs" as he called them.

As the drunken man was led to a back seat, for Mr. Jones had particularly requested that he be not taken out of the building, the utmost quiet reigned while the evangelist pointed his finger at the offending, staggering form. Finally the speaker exclaimed with great feeling:

"God knows I had not intended to speak about the accused liquor traffic tonight, but they have gone and sent one of their miserable victims right into the house of God. If there is any city in this world

Rev. J. A. Howard, of Atlanta, filled his appointment at the Baptist church Saturday and Sunday. Mr. Howard is an able divine, and delivered two of the most practical and impressive sermons we ever heard. Large congregations attended both sermons. He is agent for The Christian Index and secured several new subscribers to that valuable paper. We hope to have him with us again some time.—LaGrange Reporter.

THE MOTTO BUTTON

AND THE SLEEPING BOY

TWO UNIQUE INCIDENTS OF SAM JONES' REVIVAL

THE MOTTO BUTTON.

THE SLEEPING BOY.

Ever since the Rev. Sam Jones has been carrying on his revival in the city he has been hammering away on the large congregation, trying to get the people to give up the use of the motto button, which had been expended in repairing the tabernacle.

Before every sermon he has rebuked the financial affairs of the committee and begged those present to be liberal.

Those appeals have been productive of many coppers, nickels, dimes, quarters, halves, and even large solid silver dollars. But it remained for the collection yesterday morning to contain the most unique offering so far discovered in the hat.

It was a motto button.

One of those motto buttons which were lately such fads.

This particular motto button had a mission, at least, the giver of it must have thought so.

Just after Mr. Jones had given his usual review of the financial wants of the meeting, the hat was passed around and some one dropped in the button, on which was inscribed:

"I have troubles enough of my own; don't mention yours."

GEORGIA CHAUTAUQUA.

Albany, Ga., March 29, 1907.

For the above meeting the Southern Railway will sell tickets from all points in Georgia to Albany and return at a rate of one dollar and ten cents for the round trip. Tickets on sale March 25th to 28th, inclusive, with limit three days from date of sale. For military companies a rate of 1 cent per mile will be made. The Southern Railway has the short and direct line between Atlanta and Albany, with two through trains daily. For information apply to any agent of the Southern Railway Company. Ticket office Kimball house corner, Atlanta, Ga.

A. A. VERNON, P. A. C. E. SHERMAN, C. T. A. W. D. ALLEN, D. F. A.

THE VOTE TO DATE FOR MOST POPULAR SCHOOL

2,548 VOTES CAST YESTERDAY—TOTAL 59,430

The Week Again Closes With No Change in the Standing of the Schools, Although 22,226 Votes Were Cast in the Last Six Days.

The voting for the schools continues on such even lines and with such unvarying strength that today, when the contest is just half over, it is as difficult as it was in the beginning to name the winner. Although 22,226 votes were cast this week it did not affect seriously the standing of the leaders, and the 2,548 ballots received yesterday, making the magnificent total to date of 59,430, only shows each school along in about the same proportion. The Fair Street and the Marietta Street Schools are sticking doggedly to the heels of the leaders, and their friends confidently expect to see them nearer the front during the next few days.

It need hardly be said that 59,430 is a good many votes. It is more than is cast in an Atlanta municipal election, and almost twice as many as would have elected William J. Bryan President over William McKinley at the late national election if they had been properly distributed throughout a few of the close states. So you can see how important and conspicuous a thing the contest is becoming, and public interest in it will increase from now on until the competition closes on April 13th.

The vote at midnight last night stood:

THE VOTE TO DATE.

Crew Street.....	13,109	Williams Street.....	908
Calhoun Street.....	12,695	West End.....	793
Walker Street.....	10,574	Formwalt Street.....	561
Fair Street.....	6,319	Davis Street.....	429
Marietta Street.....	5,378	Ira Street.....	343
Boys' High.....	3,403	Houston Street.....	341
Boys' Night.....	3,034	Ivy Street.....	339
Boulevard.....	1,098	Girls' High.....	97

FOR THE PRIZE BICYCLES

Nothing could be closer or more exciting than the contest among the girls for the prize bicycle. Ora Hilburn still leads, but several others are climbing the ladder fast, and it looks as if the friends of May Asbury were determined to get back first place for her—a position which she held for so long. On the boys' side there was no change, all of them making gains at about the same ratio. The vote stands:

BOYS.

Walter Echols.....	9,284
Edmond Riorden.....	8,035
Walter B. Reeves.....	2,445
Philip P. Bethea.....	1,211
Arnold Kessell.....	478
J. Howard Davis.....	433
Alvin Belleisle.....	393
Claude Baker.....	377
Charlie Thomas.....	353
Ben Belagur.....	307
Judge Conley.....	291
Berry Johnson.....	253
Frank Eskridge.....	228
Perry Schermerhorn.....	226
Paul Williamson.....	211
De Witt Tildon.....	178
Will R. Brown.....	159
Edward Scott.....	159
Geo. T. Lewis, Jr.....	138
Sidney Evans.....	127
William Pope.....	96
William B. Atkinson.....	94
Hugo Winkler.....	73
John House.....	69
Inman Raughton.....	62

GLRLS.

Ora Hilburn.....	5,279
May Asbury.....	4,950
Maud Collins.....	4,454
Carla Baylor.....	2,243
Clara Freeman.....	1,157
Ethel Sampler.....	779
Pearl Blasingame.....	676
Gertrude Alexander.....	675
Derrelle Horsey.....	461
Daisy Harris.....	403
Nyrtie Wood.....	285
Ruby Fulton.....	284
Cora Reynolds.....	241
Mattie Dickerson.....	223
Sadie Miller.....	205
Norma Pritchard.....	178
Selma Agricola.....	143
Emma Tapler.....	140
Mamie Kessell.....	138
Ione Hanson.....	133
Lillian Nichols.....	117
Carrie Boyce.....	103
Susie S. Davis.....	101
Amelia Bone.....	67
Gertrude Quinn.....	65

Internal Disturbances

Are the source of nine-tenths of all bodily discomforts. No one is always free from the distressing conditions caused by the inability of the digestive organs to meet the demands made upon them. When you have headache, nausea, dizziness, bad breath or disagreeable taste in the mouth, one dose of

Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy

Will give immediate relief, and a few more entirely correct the unpleasant condition. It acts promptly and pleasantly, tones the stomach and restores the organs of digestion to a healthy state. IT MAKES LIFE WORTH LIVING.

50 Cents a Bottle of All Druggists.

LAND FOR A NEW COLONY

DEALS CLOSED FOR PURCHASE OF PROPERTY NEAR AUGUSTA.

The Georgia Railroad, Land and Colonization Company is at the Head of the New Movement.

ATLANTA IS HEADQUARTERS FOR THE COMMISSION MEN

Brainy Merchants Who Have Helped To Build Up the Business and Commercial Interests of Their Great City--Some Character Sketches.

Few realize the importance and magnitude of the wholesale commission business of Atlanta. This, the logical commercial center of the south, aided by the co-operation of a large number of great railway systems radiating north, east, south and west to every part of the United States, and by a class of merchants whose skill, enterprise and ability are seldom excelled, the commission business of Atlanta has assumed vast proportions; between \$30,000,000 and \$40,000,000 worth of fruits, vegetables and produce being handled annually.

The commission business is differentiated from all others and requires prompt, effective work and tireless energy for its successful operation. The bulk of the products handled are perishable and must be rushed to the market and disposed of with the least possible delay.

Atlanta enjoys advantages in this line superior to any city in the south; the connections to all points being from one to five hours shorter than from any other city, and the constant fast freight specialists made necessary by the magnitude of its operations to and from all points during the season afford the most perfect service, while the settled market conditions give the shippers protection and security seldom enjoyed by other markets. It has been the constant aim of our leading and representative commission houses to give the shippers the most prompt and efficient service in this they have succeeded to a large extent.

Atlanta, however, suffers one drawback common to all large mercantile centers. That is the unscrupulous practices of unreliable commission men, whose whole capital in many instances is a little fancy stationery. It is not the fault of the market conditions of Atlanta, but the fault of the careless shipper, who, lured by fancy quotations far above the conservative figures of a reliable house, ships his products and never gets his returns.

The reliable, responsible houses in Atlanta must have the co-operation of the shippers to eliminate this fault. Don't ship to a man who has no standing; rather ship on conservative estimates and realize more than upon fancy quotations and realize nothing. These fancy quotations also have the effect of suddenly overcrowding the market and so result in loss.

The largest amount of business in this line is probably done in midsummer, when the luscious Georgia watermelons, peaches, pears, strawberries and grapes are seeking a market. Shipments are heavy at about all seasons, however, and from all parts of the world. In early spring we receive the Florida vegetables in very large quantities of California fruits. Most of our eggs and poultry are shipped from Tennessee; cabbages, potatoes and apples from Kentucky and Virginia.

One of the most important branches of the fruit and produce business in Atlanta is the banana trade, which is rapidly increasing all over the United States. The Atlanta market alone handles about twenty-five cars per month. This fruit is shipped from Central and South America. The orange and lemon trade is also immense, although the season is past.

It cannot be emphasized too strongly that this enormous business, employing in its operations hundreds of hands and extending to the most remote parts of the country, has been built up by the skill, integrity and superior ability of our leading commission merchants. These men merit not only the gratitude of the people of Atlanta, but the respect and admiration of the entire south, and below we give sketches of some of our most representative firms, whose efforts have always been for the continual upbuilding and progress of this branch of business.

McCullough Brothers. That Atlanta is the greatest fruit, produce and commission market in the south, and that it has steadily risen in the confidence of both shippers and buyers all over the country, is due more to the skill, energy and integrity of McCullough Bros. than to any other individual influence.

This firm has not only built up for themselves a splendid reputation and a successful wholesale fruit, produce and commission business in the entire Gulf states, but they have continually worked to better the market conditions here, to place the business on a high and safe basis, and the result of their efforts has been the saving to shippers from all over the country many thousands of dollars and a general elevation of the tone and character of the business.

The firm of McCullough Bros. is composed of Messrs. D. N. and John McCullough, the finest team of young business men in Atlanta.

It is a matter of no surprise that they have succeeded, although their success has been phenomenal. Coupled with the highest class of natural business qualifications, the proper idea of business ethics and the strictest integrity, they carried into their business an experience of the most thorough and practical kind, covering years of training.

They knew more about the wholesale fruit and commission business when they shed knee pants than the average commission merchant of the country knows in his best days. Their schooling in the business was the whole line from alphabet to master of arts.

The memmoth, wholesale fruit, produce and commission business now conducted by McCullough Bros., No. 10 North Broad street, was established about three years ago, and supported by the many favorable conditions already named in this article, backed by ample capital and pushed with the splendid energy and untiring less energy of the McCulloughs, it has prospered and grown into gigantic proportions. McCullough Bros. are popular with the trade, strong in commercial circles and enjoy the confidence of shippers.

The shippers have learned that when they consign their goods to McCullough Bros. they get prompt returns, fair treatment and the best service that skill, prestige and superior facilities can furnish. Buyers have learned that the quotations of McCullough Bros. are the lowest in the market, strictly reliable and that every representation made means nothing more or less than what it says.

The Atlanta fruit, produce and commission market owes McCullough Bros. much. The shippers owe them much. The trade daily acknowledges its obligation and the whole south is proud of their success.

James M. Wallace. Mr. James M. Wallace, who is most intimately associated with the growth of Atlanta as the leading center of the commission business of the south, entered this line as a member of the firm of Dimmock & Wallace nine years ago, and last April went into business for himself. No one has attained a more enviable reputation than Mr. Wallace for strict business integrity, liberal methods and careful, conscientious dealings. Although a native Georgian he was reared in Alabama and married in Richmond, Va.

It is such men as Mr. Wallace who redeem the commission business in Atlanta from the deprecations of unscrupulous firms and place it upon its proper footing. His place of business is located at No. 31

North Broad street and he does a very large commission business, handling all kinds of foreign and domestic fruits, nuts and produce of every description. He receives consignments from all the northern states and largely from Tennessee, while he also buys largely direct from the producer. Mr. Wallace is a gentleman who is highly esteemed throughout this state, and his operations in the past nine years have won for him the confidence and respect of a host of shippers, while his thorough knowledge of the Atlanta market and his extensive transactions place him in a position to realize the best market prices and quick returns. Mr. James M. Wallace is too well known to need further mention. His business career in Atlanta has been one of steady success from its inception. He uses the utmost care to protect his shippers, is conservative and safe in his quotations and prompt in his returns, and these qualities have won for him a leading place in his line of business in the state of Georgia.



J. M. WALLACE.

Tennessee Poultry and Produce Co. This well-known firm entered the commission business in Atlanta February 1, 1885, and their operations have met with a most pronounced success. They made a specialty of dressed poultry and eggs and their fair, prompt methods have built up for them a trade in their line second to none in the south. Mr. L. Evans, the general and popular manager, and Mr. C. B. Vancannon have made this branch of the business a special study and are in a position to handle the largest consignments. They also do a regular wholesale commission business in oranges, apples, potatoes and vegetables and are in position to handle the best advantage Florida produce and southern vegetables of every description for the coming season. They occupy the premises at No. 20 West Mitchell street, which they keep filled to overflowing with a choice and varied stock and they enjoy every facility for the prompt service of their large patronage. The members of the firm are business men of ability and integrity, and their quick returns and conscientious dealings have placed them among the favorites with shippers. Mr. J. L. Evans, who is at the head of the business, has had seventeen years experience in this business, which he has given the most careful study. He is thoroughly familiar with this market and well known and highly respected by his colleagues in business. Mr. Vancannon is a native of North Carolina, and although a young man in the business is one of unusual ability and is progressive and wide awake in all his transactions. These gentlemen have used the utmost care in the protection of their shippers and their efforts have placed the Tennessee Poultry and Produce Company among the most reliable and representative commission houses of Atlanta.

A. Fugazzi & Co. Conserving the principle that has been the maxim that has placed the popular enterprise conducted by A. Fugazzi & Co., in the front rank of the leading commission houses of the south, and in Atlanta no house enjoys more thoroughly the entire confidence and good will of the public. The firm is composed of Mr. A. Fugazzi, J. B. Williams and T. A. Lovelace, gentlemen of strict integrity, push and energy, who form one of the strongest firms financially in the city. Messrs. A. Fugazzi & Co. have constantly aimed to conduct their business upon the highest principles of mercantile honor.

It is one of the few firms in Atlanta that always aimed to protect shippers in every possible way and to give them the benefit of conservative quotations and quick returns. The members of the firm have had individually a very extensive experience in the fruit and commission business and are thoroughly familiar with the Atlanta and southern market and in excellent position to take advantage of all opportunities that will benefit the shipper. They do an immense business all over the south, making a specialty of fruits and produce of every description, eggs, poultry and wholesale groceries. Their offices, salesroom, storeroom and warehouses, situated at No. 2 N. Broad street, are fitted up with every facility, and their close relations with the leading markets of the north afford them splendid opportunities to command the most favorable prices at all times. They employ a large force of assistants, and a full corps of city and traveling salesmen under the direct supervision of the members of the firm who give every detail of the business their personal attention. Mr. Fugazzi has been in the retail fruit business in Atlanta since 1881, and is well known and highly respected in our best business circles. Mr. J. B. Williams has been intimately connected with the same business since 1872. The present firm was formed in January, 1885, since

which time it has won the utmost confidence of the public and all with whom they have had business relations.

Davidson S. Smith. A recent addition to the commission business of Atlanta is the wholesale butter house of Davidson S. Smith. This is an entirely new branch of the commission business in this city, the fruit of which has proved itself necessary on account of the

development of the production of creamery butter in the south during the past two or three years. Heretofore the butter that has been shipped into the Atlanta market has been handled by the fruit and produce houses but it is now finding an outlet through a house which is devoting its entire time and attention, especially to the butter business. In the large markets of the east and west the butter business is a distinct business, and this new enterprise started in Atlanta has opened up a new feature and placed this line in its proper place in modern merchandizing.

Mr. Smith has erected the largest and best equipped refrigerating room in the state, which properly cares for his goods in warm weather. Within the last two or three years creameries and cheese factories have sprung into existence in the fertile valleys of Tennessee and north Georgia, and although these industries are still in their infancy the business is growing, and before many years the southern farmer will find that the creamery butter and cheese interests are one of greatest value and importance. The large quantities of fine butter now being shipped into southern cities from the east and west will soon be driven from our markets by an article of home production which will find an outlet for their production through the Atlanta market.

Mr. Smith, the proprietor and pioneer in the butter business in this city, is a gentleman of much push and perseverance, and it is largely owing to these qualifications that his business has gained the patronage that it has. His house, will undoubtedly make a marked success of this new enterprise, and it fully deserves it.

E. B. Williams & Co. During the past year the firm of E. B. Williams & Co. has taken an enviable position among the leading wholesale commission merchants of Atlanta, and is today one of the representative bulwarks

of this most important branch of business. Bringing to bear upon their business over twenty years of experience in this line and a thorough knowledge of its every detail, their enterprise grew rapidly from the start. The members of the firm are E. B. Williams and J. M. Copelin, two gentlemen of unusual business ability and integrity, who have long enjoyed the acquaintance and confidence of the leading shippers of the south. Their house is located right in the heart of the city, at No. 65 South Broad street, and it is one of the most commodious in Atlanta.

Among our largest dealers in fruits and Florida and tropical products, and no house in the south has better facilities for handling these lines of goods, while their constant endeavor is to give the most satisfaction and prompt returns to shippers. Their most important line is that of bananas, of which they handle immense quantities, being in direct touch with the importers. Having visited the banana fields, their knowledge of the fruit is perhaps not equaled in Atlanta. During the past season they handled the bulk of all the California fruit shipped to this market. They have daily communication with the New York, Chicago, Savannah, Brunswick and Jacksonville markets and they are now shipping goods into six states. They employ brokers in all the large neighboring towns in addition to a full corps of men on the road, and no firm in Atlanta enjoys more thoroughly the confidence of all with whom they do business. Mr. W. J. Speers, one of the best known produce men in Atlanta, has charge of their commission department. Mr. Williams was formerly in this business in Birmingham, Ala. Mr. Copelin is auditor for the Union News Company. Although the present business has been

established here but a year, their conscientious, conservative methods have resulted in a volume of business second to none in the city.

J. L. Cooley. Mr. J. L. Cooley has, since his entire life in the commission business in Atlanta, proved a valuable addition. Honest, straightforward and up to date in all his dealings, he has built up a very handsome business. He handles consignments of every description, including all Florida products, vegetables, fruits and produce of all kinds. His business is divided into different departments, each of which is under the management of an expert in that particular line. He is making a specialty of fine creamery butter, and his operations in that line have become very extensive, averaging at the present time between 300 and 400 pounds of butter per day. This department is in charge of an experienced man who travels this city and on the road. Mr. Cooley has built a fine cooler, capable of storing 10,000 pounds of butter, filled with all the latest conveniences, electric lights, etc., and is in position to give the utmost care to all consignments of creamery butter. He also makes a special department of chickens, eggs and Florida vegetables, which is in charge of an old, experienced man. The rapid growth of Mr. Cooley's business is very gratifying and is the direct result of his superior methods and the confidence he enjoys with the public. He has had many years experience in this line of business, is a close observer of the fluctuating market and takes advantage quickly of any opportunity that will benefit his shippers. His business is located centrally at No. 57 S. Broad and he has a full force of assistants and salesmen to look after his growing interests. Mr. Cooley is a shrewd business man and a really superior supervisory detail of the business and his careful attention to the wants of both shipper and buyer have been important factors in his gratifying success.

W. R. Dimmock. For a number of years Mr. W. R. Dimmock has been intimately connected with the best business and social interests of Atlanta. He is one of the men who has used every effort to place the commission business of Atlanta upon the very highest plane and to give shippers from all parts of the south the protection they deserve. The house of W. R. Dimmock is the successor to the business which started in the commission business in Atlanta in 1886. Mr. Dimmock does a general commission business, handling consignments from all parts of the southern states, and his operations are very extensive. His uniform business integrity and his conscientious, liberal dealings have won for him the confidence of shippers and many of his patrons are representative ones in Atlanta. He handles all kinds of foreign and domestic fruits and produce of every description, and enjoys every facility for prompt and satisfactory handling of his large consignments. Mr. Dimmock has acquired a wide reputation as an extensive dealer in watermelons. He has made this branch of the business a careful study, and during the season gives his entire personal attention to it. In 1886 he handled over 100 cars of this luscious fruit. His thorough knowledge of the market, and tireless efforts in behalf of his patrons afforded his shippers the most notable satisfaction. Mr. Dimmock is a gentleman of the highest standing in this community and has been honored with positions of trust and responsibility. In 1892-94 he served one term in the city council, in 1895 was elected to the aldermanic board and this year was elected mayor pro tem. He is highly esteemed and respected by all and his house is undoubtedly one of the most reliable and successful in its line in Atlanta.

Atlanta Commission Company. A recent addition to the commission business of Atlanta is that of the Atlanta Commission Company, who are doing business at No. 20 Peachtree street. This business is under the management of Messrs. A. J. Haygood and E. T. Faulkner, two gentlemen of superior business ability and up to date and progressive in all of their transactions. They make a specialty of the fish and oyster trade, in which they have had wonderful success since the inception of the business. Their shipments have been very heavy and the prompt and satisfactory way in which they have been handled, together with the quick returns, have been very gratifying to shippers. They do a very large retail as well as wholesale fish business, which is rapidly growing, owing to the popularity of the managers. Mr. A. J. Haygood has long been known and highly esteemed by the business public of Atlanta and he is highly indorsed by many of our best citizens. Mr. E. T. Faulkner is a native of Georgia and has also had an extensive experience in this business, is a hustler in every way. This firm enjoys the closest connection with shippers, and no firm in Atlanta is better prepared to give satisfaction to its trade. They also do a general commission business in fruits, produce and poultry. This firm is bound to succeed under the management of Messrs. Haygood and Faulkner. Their constant aim is to conduct their business upon the most conservative and safe method, and to handle only the best goods and to sell at prices that cannot be beaten.

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THE EVENING CONSTITUTION GUESSING MATCH.

FITZ OR JIM?

1. Who will get the decision?
2. In what round?
3. Minutes and seconds of last round?
4. Remarks.

Name
Address

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A MYSTERIOUS DEATH.

MADISON HAWKINS IS FOUND DEAD NEAR BLUE RIDGE.

The Dead Man Was a Citizen of Fannin County--The Coroner Had Gone To Investigate the Case.

Blue Ridge, Ga., March 13. Special to The Evening Constitution. Madison Hawkins, a citizen of Fannin county, was found dead in a fence corner, seven miles north of Blue Ridge, this morning.

Coroner Falls has gone to investigate the cause of the mysterious death.

Speedy-Well and Strong.

Every cavalcade needs the invigorating, health-giving tonic, **Speedy-Well and Strong.** It insures a quick recovery. Especially valuable to nursing mothers. At all druggists.

DO NOT KEEP IN THE DARK! LOOK AROUND! GET THE BEST! GOT A \$5.00 BILL? If you have let us sell you a Handsome First-Class Guaranteed Stove.

GOLD MEDAL

Well worth three times the money. The Best Stove in America for \$5.00.

HARDWARE TINWARE AND STOVE

KING HARDWARE CO

63 and 65 Peachtree Phone 1007

THE INK USED ON THIS PAPER IS FROM

The Standard Printing Ink Co.

No. 20 W. Canal Street, Savannah, Ga. ESTABLISHED 1897.

THE BEST FIVE CENT CIGAR ON THE MARKET IS THE BABY CONSTITUTION CIGAR

Named in honor of Atlanta's new afternoon paper. It is made of genuine Imported Cuban Tobacco, and people who are accustomed to smoking ten cent cigars will find the

BABY CONSTITUTION
As satisfactory as they could wish. It smokes as well as any ten cent cigar.

In the future ask for the Baby Constitution Cigar. It is for sale by the trade generally. Price five cents, and it is as good as any ten cent cigar.

HERE'S \$10.00 FOR YOU!

It is in Gold and You Can Get It If You Are a Good Enough Guesser to Prophesy the Outcome of the Corbett-Fitzsimmons Fight.

THE EVENING CONSTITUTION GUESSING MATCH. FITZ OR JIM?

- Who will get the decision?
- In what round?
- Minutes and seconds of last round?
- Remarks.

Name
Address

The fight will take place on March 17th, and all guesses must be received by midnight on March 15th, in order to be valid. Address the coupons to

THE SPORTING EDITOR,
EVENING CONSTITUTION,
ATLANTA, GA.

College Park..

Atlanta's Most Cultured Suburb

SO RAPID and substantial have been the improvements at College Park that the Atlanta and West Point Railroad has put on a schedule giving twenty trains daily between that place and the Union Depot.

The price of lots has been reduced and people seeking desirable residence property can find none more inviting than that at College Park. Splendid schools and colleges furnish every advantage for the proper education of boys and young women. Houses are constantly being erected and are always rented before completed. Not a vacant house at College Park! Any information desired can be obtained from

W. A. HEMPHILL, OR D. U. SLOAN, Agent, Constitution Office, At College Park.

R. F. MADDOX, J. W. RUCKER, Vice Presidents. T. J. FREYER, G. A. NICHOLSON, Cashier.

MADDOX-RUCKER BANKING CO.

Capital and Surplus \$500,000. Stockholders' Liability \$120,000.

Solicit accounts of individuals, firms, co-operations and banks upon favorable terms. No interest allowed on open accounts subject to check. In our Savings Department we furnish books and receive annuities from \$1.00 up to \$5,000, on which interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum will be credited on each account on the first Tuesdays of January, April, July and October of each year and may be either drawn or added to the deposit account.

The Ink Used on This Paper IS FROM

The Standard Printing Ink Co.

No. 20 W. Canal Street, Savannah, Ga. ESTABLISHED 1897.

RAILWAY SCHEDULES.

Arrival and Departure of All Trains from This City--Standard Time. Southern Railway.

NO. ARRIVE FROM	NO. DEPART TO
10 Jacksonville, 4:30 am	113 Chattanooga, 4:45 am
128 Washington, 5:10 am	105 Columbus Ga, 5:30 am
14 Chattanooga, 5:35 am	107 Greenville, 5:30 am
16 Tallahassee, 5:55 am	109 Savannah, 5:30 am
17 Corvallis, 5:55 am	111 Jacksonville, 5:30 am
19 Columbia, 6:10 am	113 Chattanooga, 5:30 am
21 Fort Valley, 6:10 am	115 Savannah, 5:30 am
23 Macon, 6:10 am	117 Jacksonville, 5:30 am
25 Birmingham, 6:10 am	119 Chattanooga, 5:30 am
27 Chattanooga, 6:10 am	121 Fort Valley, 5:30 am
29 Washington, 6:10 am	123 Savannah, 5:30 am
31 Savannah, 6:10 am	125 Jacksonville, 5:30 am
33 Richmond, 6:10 am	127 Chattanooga, 5:30 am
35 Columbia Ga, 6:10 am	129 Savannah, 5:30 am
37 Savannah, 6:10 am	131 Jacksonville, 5:30 am
39 Jacksonville, 6:10 am	133 Washington, 5:30 am

Central of Georgia Railway.

NO. ARRIVE FROM	NO. DEPART TO
101 Hapeville..... 6:45 am	100 Hapeville..... 8:45 am
1 Savannah..... 7:45 am	102 Hapeville..... 7:00 am
102 Hapeville..... 6:45 am	104 Savannah..... 7:00 am
1 Savannah..... 7:45 am	106 Hapeville..... 7:00 am
103 Macon..... 11:30 pm	108 Hapeville..... 12:15 pm
109 Hapeville..... 1:00 pm	110 Hapeville..... 3:30 pm
111 Hapeville..... 4:00 pm	112 Macon..... 4:00 pm
113 Savannah..... 7:00 pm	114 Hapeville..... 4:15 pm
115 Hapeville..... 7:20 pm	116 Hapeville..... 4:15 pm
117 Savannah..... 7:35 pm	118 Savannah..... 7:00 pm
119 Hapeville..... 8:35 pm	119 Hapeville..... 9:00 am
121 Hapeville..... 9:20 pm	120 Hapeville..... 12:30 pm

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

WOMEN AND SOCIETY

Spring Signs for The Shirt Waist Girl.

The bright, breezy and blithe shirt waist girl will soon be with us again, and we may consider that spring is really here. Already the buds are green upon the trees and shirt waists are beginning to show between dark coats from even as the tender green of the foliage peeps forth against the dark rough bark of the trees. All of these are spring signs—that make the heart of the lover of nature and of shirt waist girls to rejoice.

Shirt waists will never go out of style, surely. If woman ever exiles the shirt waist to the limbo of the unfashionable her act may be considered as evidence that she is not really making any progress toward comfortable emancipation, in spite of all her prating and pretense. A charming little woman said the other day, while inspecting some waists in a Whitehall street shop:

"If Eve could have had a shirt waist instead of a fig leaf, I am sure she would not have minded her fall half so much, and it would have been so much better for the rest of us, too. Think of what we have missed all these ages during the slow evolution of shirt waists from fig leaves!"

It is said, with some show of reason, that merchants do not favor shirt waists because they are not profitable, and, being so comfortable, they are a large part of the average woman's summer wardrobe. However, some of the new waists are quite expensive, being made of a filmy stuff resembling grenadine and lined with colored silk, and with fine frills which cost much. But these things may be worn over colored batiste corset covers and there are pretty frills that are not expensive, if one knows how to get them. Some delicious imported waists in the Whitehall shops are made of soft linen and batiste with dainty embroidery, and may be had for \$5, which seems a great deal to a person who hasn't money to waist, so to speak.

Many odd little touches in the way of frills and groups of tucks will be used on the new shirt waists, and a decidedly new feature is a petal collar. It is made of white linen cut in the shape of petals, which fall away from the neck, and which are lined with a colored lining corresponding with the prevailing tint in the waist.

And shirt waists will positively have large sleeves. The new ones have the only large sleeves of the season. This is a sensible exception to the general rule of skimpy sleeves, for there isn't much left of a shirt waist when worn of its voluminous sleeves.

Solid red shirt waists will be a fad of the season. Indeed, rich, red, rare and rich colors will be very popular; and in New York they are showing plaid shirt waists that are said to speak for themselves, which relieves us of the necessity of saying more about them.

The Epworth League Conference: Woman's Part In It.

Active preparations are being made by the Atlanta Epworth League for the annual conference which meets here April 22d to 25th, inclusive. The object of the conference is, of course, to bring together league workers from all parts of the state to discuss ways and means of furthering league interests.

Woman's part in the Epworth League work is a very large one. A prominent Atlanta league man asserts that women do better service in the work than men. This is not saying by any means that men are not good workers, but it is a fact that women, on an average, do more work than men. A large number of prominent women from all parts of the state will be present; women who are actively engaged in the work and who have accomplished much good.

Notable among these women is Mrs. W. C. Solomon, of Macon, the wife of a prominent banker and a prominent league worker. She is a direct refutation of the assertion that a woman cannot be a good wife and mother and devote a great deal of time to outside work. A woman can be all these things if she is possessed of executive ability, energy and intelligence, as Mrs. Solomon is. This lady has a family of seven or eight children, with the reputation of being a model mother and housekeeper. In addition to these home duties, she does as much active work as any church worker in the state, perhaps.

She is the third vice president of the state Epworth League, and executes the duties of a similar position in her home league. She will be a delegate to the international Epworth League conference at Toronto, Canada, in July, and will read a paper before that body, which will be composed of at least 40,000 delegates. This fact in itself is a sufficient indication of the esteem in which her services are held by her fellow workers.

Miss Alice E. Brauwer, of Columbus, is another prominent league woman. She is state treasurer for the society, and Mrs. Solomon being the only women on the staff of seven state officers of the society. She is a woman of charming personality and has shown great efficiency in the work, and great efficiency as an officer.

Miss Hattie Goodrich, of Augusta, is another woman who plays a prominent part in the life of the state organization. She is a young woman scarcely out of her teens and has already made a reputation on account of her superior intellect and ability. She has held the position of state treasurer, and last year, during the annual conference, it became her duty to preside over the meeting. It is said by persons present that her composure and self-possession in the trying position of presiding officer of a large meeting was simply superb. She showed an unusually fine practical knowledge of parliamentary laws. In many other ways she has proved herself a woman of unusual power and ability.

Another young woman who, in personality and manner, far exceeds Mrs. Goodrich, and yet who does not neglect her service, is Miss Mae McKensie, of Americus. She is apparently very retiring in

Local League Women.

Among the Atlanta women who are active league workers is Miss Emma Tucker. She does a great deal of missionary work in the city and is a woman of unusually strong and interesting characteristics. She will preside at the sunrise prayer meetings, which will be held at Ponce de Leon and Grant park on Friday and Saturday mornings during the conference. These meetings are striking features of the devotional exercises and are always largely attended.

Miss Daisy Davies is another prominent league worker. She is a teacher in one of the public schools and an active figure in the missionary work of Trinity church. She is considered one of the best of the Sunday school teachers at Trinity, and on Saturdays she conducts the devotional exercises of the Central Union Mission from 12 to 1 o'clock, all of which is in the line of Epworth League work.

Miss Clara Byers, of Dr. Robins's church at West End, is another of the women workers. She is a very brilliant woman intellectually and has contributed many

dispositions, and is hardly the sort of woman one would think of in connection with active public work and conspicuous positions. But people who are really devoted to any noble work can forget themselves entirely in it, and this seems to have been the case with Miss McKensie. She has been secretary of the American district for two years, and she arranged the district conference at Cuthbert last fall, over which she presided with grace and dignity.

Another story—But here comes another umbrella. It is an umbrella of ordinary size only, but it is sheltering two very comfortably apparently.

If there are any worries under that umbrella there is somebody to share them, which is an undeniable comfort, in spite of cynics and skeptics. Now it seems rather pleasant to have somebody to hold one's umbrella. There is some chance, then, of keeping the dainty skirts out of the mud.

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the unjust! It is falling now, and the just and the unjust are passing in a dreary, dragged procession under the electric light on the corner. It has been falling on me, too, but now, safely sheltered in my "den" close under the eaves, I watch the others musing meanwhile upon what stories may be hidden under each umbrella.

Here comes an umbrella blithely borne. Sure, from the jaunty swing of it there is a strong, handsome face underneath; a pair of clear eyes that look love to other eyes. There should be a dear home and a little wife, maybe; or a sweetheart awaiting the sound of those jaunty footsteps. The umbrella shines and glitters and nods knowingly, and the rain beats upon it rhythmically. It is a warm, spring rain with the feel of moist kisses about it, and the signs of growing things and the smell of fresh earth in it. It is a spring rain and the blood thrills with the thought of it. A rift of blue comes in the gray and the evening star beams forth mildly beyond the distant church spire. The organist within is playing the wedding march all to himself and to the sound of it the charming man steps jauntily away into the darkness to his waiting face—which is another story, perhaps.

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Rev. W. L. Cuts performing the ceremony. The young couple left immediately for Mountana, their future home.

Mrs. R. J. Powell, Mrs. T. O. Cotter and Master Powell Cotter have returned to Barnesville, after a visit to friends in the city.

Judge W. M. Hensley of Rome, was in the city yesterday on his way home from Jonesboro.

Miss Lute Gordon returns home today, after a two weeks' visit to Mrs. Collier, on the Peachtree road.

Miss Lucy Edwards of Cartersville, is visiting friends in the city.

Miss Leslie Burnett of Madison, is visiting friends in Atlanta.

Miss Anna Crowder, the accomplished teacher of music in the Madison school, has been in the city this week.

Mr. P. V. Carline went to Atlanta this week to enter his two sons, Arthur and Raymond, in Sullivan & Crichton's business college—Madison Advertiser.

Mrs. Evans May of Cartersville, is visiting Mrs. E. P. Chamberlin.

Mrs. T. R. Jones, of Cartersville, has returned home after a visit to friends in the city.

Miss Mary Lou Wikie is the guest of Miss Allie Shropshire. She will remain in the city until after the Shropshire-Calloway marriage.

At a meeting of the Ladies' Memorial Association held in Americus last Tuesday, Mr. Lucien Knight, of this city, was chosen orator for the memorial day exercises of the association.

Messrs. George W. Corley and L. B. Brooks are among the Atlantians who made business trips to Augusta this week.

Miss Georgia Glover, of Americus, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Carr, in the city.

Miss Lucile Hardin has returned home after a visit to friends in Cedar town.

Mrs. Marie Louise Myrick, editor of The Americas Times-Recorder, was in the city yesterday on business.

The following terms of interest to Atlantians are from The Cedar town Standard: Mr. W. Ross Pitts is up from Atlanta this week.

Mr. W. C. Barber spent the first of the week in the city.

Mrs. J. M. Outright arrived home Tuesday evening from a month's visit in Atlanta.

Miss W. K. Holmes returned Saturday from a visit of several weeks in Atlanta.

Mrs. H. M. Nicholls and little son are up from Atlanta to spend the time court is in session with Mr. Nicholls, the popular court stenographer.

Miss Lulu Merrell returned Tuesday from an extended visit to the home of her sister, Mrs. J. A. Montfort, in Cartersville, and among other things.

Miss Lizzie Alexander, of Nashville, will spend several days of the coming week with Miss Elizabeth Brown, at Angier Terrace.

Mr. Alex. Bonnyman of Rome, will arrive in the city this evening on a visit to friends.

Mrs. F. B. Fowler, of Griffin, is spending a few days at the Kimball, Mrs. Fowler leaves for Seawee, Tenn., where she will spend several months. She is accompanied by her younger son.

A delightful evening was given to the old pupils of Miss Hanna's school last night by the principal. There were a number of prominent young men present. Dancing and cards were indulged in.

A soiree will be given by Professor Agostini this afternoon at his dancing academy. Cards have been issued and a very select set will be present.

The younger set of the city are going to the big holiday given at the Kimball house as soon as the April days are come.

Miss Mattie Boynton is visiting Miss Ruth Cunningham at her home near Griffin, Ga.

Miss Mary Brown, Connally will visit Miss Ruth Cunningham next week.

Mrs. Charles Davis is visiting her sister, Mrs. F. P. Dupre, in Canton.

Mrs. Joseph Thompson, who will be a guest of honor at the Nashville Centennial, will carry in her special car Miss Jennie English, Miss Addie Maud, Miss Margaret Newman, Miss Lucy Peel, Miss Marion May and one or two other young ladies.

Mr. Oscar Baker, after a pleasant visit to New York, has returned home.

Mrs. Frederick A. Carroll is visiting friends at Griffin for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Dancy Cramer are receiving the congratulations of their friends on account of the pretty little daughter that was born to them last week at their home on the Boulevard.

BONE GANG IN JAIL.
The Bone gang of burglars and highway robbers are now in Fulton county jail, their old abode. They were unable to make the \$4,000 bid that was placed on each of them and they were remanded to prison to await their trial that occurs next Tuesday.

The Bone gang is composed of Julius and Louis, the most notorious characters in the state, and Ben Christie, an equally famous character.

These three boys are the boldest highway robbers and burglars in the city. They were captured last time in the chain gang, working for the many offenses of theft they have committed.

One of the Bone boys has acknowledged that the gang is guilty of burglary. Several of the men who have been held up on the public highway and robbed have identified these three men as the ones who held them up.

FREE CORRESPONDENCE.
Dr. Hartman's Prodigious Correspondence in Publishing the People's Free Medical Advice.

The remedy Pe-ru-na was originally Dr. Hartman's private prescription. An immense demand for this remedy sprang up outside his regular practice. This led to the establishment of a medical manufacturing company. People were eager to get it through the channels of commerce. Dr. Hartman began to write books and pamphlets to teach the people exactly how to use Pe-ru-na. These were supplied by the publisher without charge, but many people preferred to write Dr. Hartman, asking for his wise counsel. Letting the public know of this led to his establishing his present system of free correspondence. Through a number of assistants of the public correspondence system, Dr. Hartman's correspondence is carried on. Every day receives a prompt reply, entirely confidential, without charge.

Pe-ru-na has been found by the multitude to be the best, if not the only, internal remedy for catarrh of the head, the throat, the lungs, catarrh of the stomach, the liver, the lungs, catarrh of the kidneys, catarrh of the bladder, catarrh of the prostate, Pe-ru-na cures all these. Pe-ru-na cures catarrh wherever located. Other remedies will not.

For Dr. Hartman's latest book on catarrh, send for a copy of the Pe-ru-na book. Write to the Manufacturing Company, Chicago, Ill. Send free for a short time.

SUNDAY IN CITY CHURCHES

Christian church today at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 o'clock p. m. Dr. C. P. Williams, the beloved pastor of the church, is improving.

Interesting services are announced at the Central Union mission for tomorrow.

The grand open convention, under the auspices of the National Spiritualist Association, is being held at the Knights of Pythias hall, corner of Forsyth and Alabama streets. An interesting programme has been arranged for tomorrow's services at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 o'clock p. m.

Walker Street Methodist Episcopal church, corner of Walker and Nelson streets. Rev. J. T. Gibson, D.D., pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor. Sabbath school at 9 a. m.

First Methodist, corner Peachtree and Houston. Rev. J. B. Hopkins, D.D., pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Trinity, corner Whitehall and Trinity avenue. Rev. J. W. Roberts, D.D., pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

St. Paul, East Hunter street. Rev. S. H. Dimon, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

The Boulevard, Boulevard, corner Houston and W. W. R. pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor.

St. Luke's, Rev. E. M. Stanton, pastor, corner Breen and Borne streets. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Merritt Avenue Methodist, Rev. Peter A. Heard, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Marlietta Street Methodist Episcopal church, between Spring and Barlow, Rev. A. F. Eiling, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Payne Memorial Methodist, corner Luckie and Hunnicutt streets. Rev. W. W. Brinfield, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Epworth, Edgewood, Rev. S. B. Ledbetter, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

St. John's, corner Pryor and Georgia avenue. Rev. J. T. Davis, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Edgewood, Rev. H. J. Ellis, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Decatur Street Mission, 228 Decatur street. Rev. J. T. Davis, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

St. James, Rev. Thomas R. Carty, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Trinity Home mission. Preaching at 7:30 p. m. by the pastor.

Asbury, corner Davis and Foundry streets. Rev. J. T. Davis, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Wesley chapel, North Atlanta, Rev. M. Wolf, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Park Street, West End, Rev. John B. Robins, D.D., pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

West Side Methodist church, Rev. T. R. Kendall, Jr., pastor. Preaching.

BAPTIST.
First Baptist, corner Walton and Forsyth. Rev. W. W. Landrum, D.D., pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Second Baptist, corner Washington and Mitchell, Rev. Henry McDonald, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Third Baptist, Rev. J. D. Winchester, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Central Baptist, corner Walker and Stonewall, Rev. J. B. Motley, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Fifth Baptist, corner Bell and Gilmer, Rev. Alex. W. Bealer, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Sixth Baptist, corner Mangum and West Hunter, A. C. Ward, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Jackson Hill Baptist, East avenue, near Jackson street. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

West End Baptist, Lee street, Rev. S. J. Jameson, pastor. Preaching at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Calvary Baptist, corner Willow and Capitol. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Glenn Street Baptist, Rev. V. C. Norcross, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Capitol Avenue Baptist, Rev. A. T. Spalding, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Kirkwood Baptist, Rev. J. L. D. Hillyer, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

North Atlanta Baptist, corner Hemphill and Emmet. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

PRESBYTERIAN.
Wallace Presbyterian, Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Georgia Avenue Presbyterian, Rev. Chalmers Fraser, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Associated Reform Presbyterian, corner Lloyd and Garnett streets, Rev. H. B. Blakey, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m.

First Presbyterian, Marietta street, Rev. E. H. Barnett, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Central Presbyterian, Washington street, Rev. J. R. Rice, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Kirkwood Presbyterian, Rev. R. O. Flinn, pastor. Services at 11 a. m.

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